SFY 2026

Drinking Water Intended Use Plan



Water Infrastructure
Finance Authority of
Arizona



Table of Contents

Section 1: Short-Term Goals	2
Section 2: Long-Term Goals	3
Section 3: Important Program Changes	3
Section 4: Agreement to Enter Data into SRF Data System	
Section 5: Description of Public Notice Process and Actions Taken to Address Public Comments	
Section 6: Assurances and Specific Proposals	5
Section 7: Disadvantaged Community Program	5
Section 8: Criteria and Methods for Distribution of Funds (Priority Setting Criteria)	6
Section 9: Bypass Procedures and Emergency Funding Procedures	7
Section 10: Sources and Uses Table	8
Section 11: Identify the Types of Assistance Provided and the Terms (Principal Forgiveness, Extended Terms)	
Section 12: State Match Sources	11
Section 13: Identification of Overmatch	11
Section 14: Anticipated Cash Draw Ratio (proportionality) or Statement of Match Drawdown then Federal	
Section 15: Estimated Disbursement Schedule	11
Section 16: Identification of any Intended Transfers between Funds	11
Section 17: Identification and Explanation of any Cross Collateralization	11
Section 18: Combined Interest and Fee Rate (CIFR)	11
Section 19: Fees Charged if Applicable and Uses of Fees	12
Section 20: Overview of Program Financial Status and Management	12
Section 21: Leveraging Plan	12
Section 22: Binding Commitment Schedule	12
Section 23: Grant Payment Schedule	13
Section 24: Project Priority List and Fundable List	14
Section 25: IUP Includes Set-Asides Taken and Authority to be Banked if Applicable	24
Section 26: IUP Includes Uses of the Set-Aside Funds and Expected Timeline of Expenditure	24
Section 27: IUP Includes Expected Outcomes of the Set-Aside Funds	24

INTRODUCTION

The Water Infrastructure Finance Authority (WIFA) is pleased to submit Arizona's Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) Intended Use Plan (IUP) for the State Fiscal Year (SFY) 2026 funding cycle. The DWSRF IUP describes WIFA's plan to develop, implement, and administer the DWSRF program in Arizona from July 1, 2025 through June 30, 2026.

This IUP is a required element of the grant application documentation to obtain the Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) 2025 grant awards and is not intended to be a comprehensive description of the State Revolving Fund programs. More detailed information about all of WIFA's funding programs is available to the public at www.azwifa.gov or by emailing contact@azwifa.gov.

During SFY 2026, WIFA will utilize various funding sources to finance drinking water infrastructure and support related program activities. This IUP is based upon the FFY 2025 DWSRF Federal Appropriation of \$1,126,101,000. Of this, Arizona's Base Capitalization Grant is anticipated to be \$19,079,000. Additionally, the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL), also known as the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA) of 2021, (P.L. 117-58), increased the federal appropriations to the DWSRF programs. Appropriations from BIL are summarized in Table 1 below.

Table 1. Summary of Federal Appropriations FFY2025

Appropriation	Federal Amount - FFY 2025	Arizona's Amount - FFY 2025
DWSRF Base Capitalization Grant	\$1,126,101,000	\$19,079,000
DWSRF General Supplemental	\$2,603,000,000	\$43,556,000
DWSRF Emerging Contaminant	\$800,000,000	\$13,365,000
DWSRF Lead Service Line Replacement*	\$3,000,000,000 (estimate)	\$28,650,000 (estimate)
Total	\$7,529,101,000	\$104,650,000

^{*}The FFY 2025 DWSRF Lead Service Line Replacement allotment is an estimate since the information had not been made available as of June 3, 2025 when this IUP was drafted.

In addition to the amounts listed above further funds have become available through the re-allotment process. Therefore, the DWSRF Base Capitalization Grant total available is \$19,161,000, and the Emerging Contaminants Grant total available is \$13,862,000. See Section 10 for more information on the total sources of funds available.

The Arizona DWSRF Loan Program funds community water systems (both publicly-owned and privately-owned) and non-profit non-community water systems. Eligible projects include treatment, transmission and distribution, source, storage, consolidation and creation of new systems. Projects to acquire land or to refinance debt obligations of publicly-owned systems may also be eligible. The program also places an emphasis on small and disadvantaged communities and on programs that address compliance and health advisories, as well as prevention and sustainability as tools for ensuring safe drinking water.

Section 1: Short-Term Goals

For the purposes of this IUP, a short-term goal is an activity intended to be initiated, and in some cases, completed within a year. The following are the short-term goals of the loan program:

• WIFA will make drinking water infrastructure loans more accessible and affordable to small communities by subsidizing all loans.

- If available, WIFA will provide additional assistance to communities who are identified as disadvantaged as described in Section 7.
- WIFA will provide any required percentage/amount of the Capitalization Grant amount as additional subsidization in the form of forgivable principal.
- WIFA will continue to encourage borrowers to address water and energy efficiency improvements and other environmentally innovative activities.

Section 2: Long-Term Goals

For the purposes of this IUP, a long-term goal is defined as the life of the program. The following are the long-term goals of the loan program:

- Award WIFA's resources in accordance with the needs of Arizona's citizens.
- Maintain the fiscal integrity of WIFA's funds and assure continuous enhancement for future generations.
- Effectively and efficiently deliver financial and technical assistance.
- Market agency programs and advocate the importance of safe, reliable water through presentations, networking and outreach.
- Ensure compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964

Section 3: Important Program Changes

In 2022, the Arizona Legislature made significant changes to WIFA's structure and mission through SB1740. Most of the changes were related to the creation of three additional funds, separate from the state revolving funds, focused on water supply development, conservation, and augmentation. While the new funds have no direct impact on the DWSRF, the changes have raised WIFA's public profile and generated greater awareness of all of WIFA's assistance programs, including the DWSRF. The bill also changed WIFA's governance structure, including related to decision making under the state revolving funds. Funding decisions under the SRF are now vetted first by a federal programs committee, which consists of representatives from public water systems, domestic water systems, large and small cities or towns, large and small counties, and representatives from the Department of Environmental Quality. The federal programs committee reviews applications and makes recommendations to the WIFA Board of Directors, who ultimately votes on whether to provide funding. The Board of Directors is appointed by a bicameral, bipartisan group of legislators and the Governor and consists of financial and water experts from large and small counties.

In SFY 2022 Arizona Senate Bill 1067 passed, which for fiscal years 2023 through 2027 allows cities and towns regardless of their size, to enter into loan agreements with WIFA without obtaining voter approval, provided the agreement is financed with BIL funds. These cities and towns will still be required to obtain a resolution from their governing bodies to enter into a loan with WIFA. This change in statute helps to streamline the application process and opens up the availability of BIL funds to communities who otherwise would likely not have applied for them.

In March of 2024 WIFA's Board approved <u>WIFA Policy II.1, Clean Water and Drinking Water SRF Application Process Policy</u>, which made updates to the application process to ensure projects which are added to the fundable range list are ready to proceed in the process to ensure awarded SRF loan funds are spent by borrowers in a timely and expeditious manner.

Section 4: Agreement to Enter Data into SRF Data System

WIFA agrees to enter data into the SRF Data System (formerly known as PBR) no less than quarterly and to enter data for the yearly report (formerly known as NIMS).

Section 5: Description of Public Notice Process and Actions Taken to Address Public Comments

A notice and comment period regarding this IUP was conducted from June 3, 2025 through June 17, 2025. Notice of the comment period was provided to 6,749 stakeholders through the GovDelivery email system. WIFA also posted information about the IUP and instructions for commenting on our Facebook and other social media accounts. Additionally, the draft IUP was posted on WIFA's website and sent directly to interested stakeholders including the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality, Arizona Corporation Commission, Arizona Department of Water Resources, Rural Water Association, and the Inter-Tribal Council of Arizona.

Public Comment Opportunities and Schedule

The public was invited to offer written comments on this IUP via mail or email. Mailed comments were accepted if mailed to WIFA's offices, 3300 N. Central Avenue, Suite 1050, Phoenix, AZ 85012. Emailed comments were accepted if sent to contact@azwifa.gov.

The public also had three opportunities to provide oral comments. First, the public had the opportunity to comment during the June 10, 2025 Federal Programs Committee (FPC) meeting. Then WIFA hosted a public hearing to allow for real-time public comments on June 13, 2025. Information and registration for the public hearing were made available online. The public also had the opportunity to comment at the June 18, 2025 WIFA Board of Directors meeting. The FPC is responsible for reviewing, discussing, and making a recommendation to the Board regarding the adoption of the IUP, and the Board is responsible for adopting the final IUP. Instructions for commenting were made available online and included on the agendas for each meeting.

WIFA solicited public review and comment on the draft SFY 2026 DWSRF IUP and Project Priority List (PPL) according to the following schedule.

	Draft IUP posted on <u>www.azwifa.gov</u>
June 3, 2025	 Draft IUP and instructions for commenting sent via GovDelivery
June 3, 2023	 Draft IUP and instructions for commenting posted on Social Media
	 Draft IUP sent directly to key stakeholders
June 10, 2025	 Federal Program Committee meeting to review, discuss, and make a recommendation on the draft DWSRF IUP and PPL. Public comments also accepted as part of the FPC meeting.
June 13, 2025	Public hearing conducted to solicit comments in real time
June 17, 2025	Deadline for submitting public comments on the draft IUP
June 18, 2025	 Water Infrastructure Finance Authority Board of Directors' meeting to review FPC recommendations and public input before adoption of the final DWSRF IUP After adoption, the IUP will be sent to EPA for final approval.
July 1, 2025	Begin implementation of the Approved DWSRF IUP.
34.7 -, -5-3	- begin implementation of the Approved by our for.

Comments Received and WIFA's Responses

In this section, WIFA will summarize all comments received and provide responses as appropriate. This section will be completed prior to the June 18, 2025 Board of Director's meeting.

Section 6: Assurances and Specific Proposals

WIFA intends to comply with the following:

- WIFA will comply and will notify its borrowers of the requirement to comply with the Civil Rights Act requirements outlined in the Capitalization Grant Terms and Conditions;
- WIFA will comply with its environmental review policy as approved by EPA;
- WIFA will notify its borrowers of the requirement to comply with the Federal Flood Risk Management Standard (equivalency requirement);
- WIFA will notify its borrowers of the requirement to comply with the Davis-Bacon requirements outlined in the Capitalization Grant Terms and Conditions;
- WIFA will notify its borrowers of the requirement to comply with the American Iron and Steel requirements outlined in the Capitalization Grant Terms and Conditions;
- WIFA will notify its borrowers of the requirement to comply with the Build America, Buy American
 Act requirement outlined in the Capitalization Grant Terms and Conditions (equivalency
 requirement); and
- WIFA will strive to comply with applicable EPA guidance.

Section 7: Disadvantaged Community Program

WIFA is committed to providing assistance to public water systems serving Disadvantaged Communities.

In June of 2022 WIFA revised the definition of disadvantaged community in <u>WIFA Policy III.6</u> in response to EPA BIL Guidance. WIFA intends to provide 26% of the Base Capitalization Grant in additional subsidy as forgivable principal to communities (see table below). WIFA's Disadvantaged Policy also allows for extended term, reduced interest or a combination. Further, <u>WIFA's Additional Subsidy Procedure (III.20.1)</u> for drinking water projects allows for up to 100% forgivable principal for disadvantaged communities who are resolving public health threats and project costs are \$250,000 or less.

Table 2. Grant amounts, forgivable principal amounts, and forgivable principal eligibility

Grant	Grant Amount*	% Available as Forgivable Principal	Dollar Amount of Forgivable Principal
FFY 2025 Base	\$19,161,000	26% (12% for disadvantaged)	\$4,981,860
FFY 2025 BIL – Supplemental	\$43,556,000	49% (only for disadvantaged)	\$21,342,440
FFY 2025 BIL – Lead Service Line**	\$0	49% (only for disadvantaged)	\$0
FFY 2025 BIL – Emerging Contaminant	\$13,862,000	100% (25% for disadvantaged or community serving 25,000 persons or less)	\$13,862,000
Total	\$76,579,000		\$39,689,300

^{*}Includes re-allotment amounts from past Capitalization Grants

^{**}WIFA is not applying for the BIL – Lead Service Line grant. WIFA may apply for the grant if additional projects are identified throughout the year.

Section 8: Criteria and Methods for Distribution of Funds (Priority Setting Criteria)

• Project Priority List and Fundable Range

- Project Priority List (PPL): On an annual basis, following a statewide solicitation for projects, WIFA develops a statewide priority list of projects. Projects are scored and ranked on the list based upon public health risk, SDWA compliance, current condition of the system, and financial need. Projects to address health advisories are a priority for DWSRF funding, as well as projects to address MCL exceedances. Additional points are added for projects that consolidate two or more public water systems or extend services to areas not currently served by a water system, and for projects that have water or energy efficiency components. Currently, WIFA's DW PPL has 27 applications totaling \$112,474,137.02 (see table below). WIFA anticipates a continued marketing and awareness campaign will raise the demand for financial assistance throughout the year. Staff are in discussions regarding several potential DW projects that may be added to the PPL during the year.
- Fundable Range: The Fundable Range includes the applicants ready to receive design or construction financial assistance. Projects are added to the Fundable Range as they become ready to proceed throughout the year.

• Project Priority List Updates

The DW PPL may be updated throughout the year with additions or removals of projects or adjusting the fundable range for design or construction projects. The decision to update the DW PPL may be based on a project's readiness to proceed, availability of other funding sources or other new information affecting the expansion or contraction of the PPL and Fundable Range. The Board adopts the updated DW PPL at a public meeting and the updates are posted on WIFA's website. All projects must meet the applicable requirements under the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300f to 300j-26.

ADEQ Drinking Water Program

WIFA works in coordination with the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) to identify drinking water systems in need of financial assistance and developing priority-setting criteria. The ADEQ Drinking Water program is federally mandated to ensure safe drinking water supplies for the public. Staff reviews water system construction plans, conducts compliance inspections on drinking water systems, reviews water quality monitoring data, initiates enforcement actions in response to continued or significant noncompliance, and conducts outreach to educate stakeholders on regulatory requirements. The program also evaluates source waters to ascertain their susceptibility to contamination, promotes voluntary community programs aimed at protecting aquifers for drinking water use, and administers the monitoring assistance program to assist public water systems in complying with monitoring requirements under the federal Safe Drinking Water Act. ADEQ develops a master priority list (MPL) that ranks public water systems according to their need for technical assistance in accordance with A.A.C R18-4-803. The MPL is updated annually and WIFA uses the MPL score to determine the current condition scoring for PPL applications.

Table 3. Grant amounts compared to PPLs received

Grant	Grant Amount	Number of PPL Applications	Dollar Amount of PPL Applications
Base & BIL Supplemental*	\$62,717,000	19	\$65,090,709
BIL – Emerging Contaminant	\$13,862,000	4	\$38,000,000
Total	\$76,579,000	23	\$103,090,709
FFY 23 BIL LSL (Remainder)**	\$809,822	4	\$9,383,428
Total	\$77,388,822	27	\$112,474,137

^{*}The Base Grant and BIL Supplemental have the same eligibility and therefore have been grouped together.

Section 9: Bypass Procedures and Emergency Funding Procedures

The Fundable Range process is used to bypass projects that are not ready to proceed. In determining which projects may be included on the Fundable Range, WIFA evaluates each project for evidence of debt authorization, the completeness of the PPL application, the applicant's technical, managerial, financial, and legal capability to be eligible for an SRF loan, the project timeline and design/engineering progress, and other documentation requested by staff. If sufficient funds are not available to fund all projects that are ready to proceed, WIFA will use tie breaking procedures established in A.A.C. R18-15-304.

WIFA may approve emergency funding for eligible applicants if a declaration of emergency is made by the Governor of Arizona or the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). The term of the loan will not exceed one year and be no more than \$250,000 per emergency event.

^{**}WIFA will apply the remaining FFY 23 LSL equivalency requirement towards four eligible PPLs. While only \$809,822 remains in equivalency requirements, \$13,035,320 in loan forgiveness is still available to award from the LSL funding. WIFA intends to award 100% forgivable loans to eligible projects which qualify as disadvantaged (currently \$9,383,428 on PPL). After the equivalency requirement is met, and at the end of SFY 2026 after additional applicants have a chance to apply, WIFA intends to provide the remaining loan forgiveness to previously awarded borrowers as an increase to their forgivable principal of their existing loan.

Section 10: Sources and Uses Table

Drinking Water Sources and Uses	2026
Revolving Fund	\$ 122,565,170
Undrawn Federal Funds	\$ 83,523,824
Beginning Funds Available (Estimate: 07-01-25)	\$ 206,088,994
FFY 2025 Base Cap Grant (Forgivable 26% - \$4,960,540)	\$ 19,079,000
FFY 2021 Base Cap Grant - Reallotment (Forgivable 26% - \$21,320)	\$ 82,000
FFY 2025 BIL Supplemental Cap Grant (Forgivable 49% - \$21,342,440)	\$ 43,556,000
FFY 2025 BIL Emerging Contaminant Cap Grant (Forgivable 100% - \$13,365,000)	\$ 13,365,000
FFY 2023 BIL Emerging Contaminant Cap Grant - Reallotment (Forgivable 100% - \$376,000)	\$ 376,000
FFY 2022 BIL Emerging Contaminant Cap Grant - Reallotment (Forgivable 100% - \$121,000)	\$ 121,000
P&I Repayments from SRF Loans	\$ 42,006,899
Administrative Fees from SRF Loans	\$ 7,538,781
Investment Interest Earned	\$ 4,902,141
State Appropriations	\$ -
Refunding Savings/Revenue Bond Proceeds	\$ -
Total Funding Sources	\$ 337,115,815
Debt Service Payments	\$ 31,985,181
Administration Fee revenue	\$ 200,000
Administration Set-Aside (WIFA - 4% - from Base Grant)	\$ 763,160
Administration Set-Aside (WIFA - 4% - from BIL Supplemental Grant)	\$ 1,742,240
Outstanding Loan Obligations (Closed Loans) ¹	\$ 298,997,134
Binding Commitments (Board Approved/Not Closed) ¹	\$ 5,818,794
Set-Aside Local Assistance and Other State Programs (ADEQ - 15% - from Base Grant) Set-Aside Local Assistance and Other State Programs (ADEQ - 15% - from BIL	\$ 2,861,850
Supplemental Grant)	\$ -
Set-Aside PWSS (ADEQ -10% - from Base Grant)	\$ 1,907,900
Set-Aside PWSS (ADEQ -10% - from BIL Supplemental Grant)	\$ 3,627,600
Set-Aside Small System Technical Assistance (ADEQ - 2% - from Base Grant)	\$ 381,580
Set-Aside Small System Technical Assistance (ADEQ - 2% - from BIL Supplemental Grant)	\$ 871,120
Technical Assistance (WIFA - 15% - from BIL Supplemental Grant)	\$ 1,000,000
Total Fund Uses	\$ 350,156,559
Ending Cash Balance	\$ (13,040,744)
Project Priority List Projects	\$ 112,474,137
Ending Cash Balance with PPL Projects	\$ (125,514,881)

^{1.} Loan obligations and commitments are expected to be drawn down over several years, WIFA does not anticipate these amounts to be drawn down completely in SFY 2026.

The Safe Drinking Water Act §1452(g) and §1452(k) allows States to set aside up to 31 percent of the Capitalization Grant for specific activities. These are referred to as the 2 percent, 4 percent, 10 percent, and 15 percent set-asides and are further described below. WIFA reserves the authority to bank any unused grant funds from the 2 percent, 4 percent, and 10 percent set-asides for future use.

15 Percent Set-aside

State and Federal Statutes allow setting aside up to 15 percent of the Federal Capitalization Grant funds to provide local assistance to water systems in Arizona. ADEQ has requested \$2,861,850 for capacity development, wellhead protection, and source water protection activities to protect drinking water sources. WIFA will utilize \$1,000,000 of this set-aside as described in Section 11 below.

10 Percent Set-aside

State and Federal Statutes allow setting aside up to 10 percent of the Federal funds for the Public Water System Supervision activities. ADEQ will use this funding for the PWSS Program, which encompasses all the various activities involved in implementing the Safe Drinking Water Act requirements in Arizona. These activities include operator certification, source water assessment and protection, development of regulatory guidance and assistance documents, assisting systems in obtaining the technical, financial, and managerial capability to comply with drinking water regulations, and technical consultations on water system and treatment system design. ADEQ is requesting \$5,535,500 (\$1,907,900 will be from 10% set aside out of the Base Capitalization Grant, and \$3,627,600 will be from the 10% set aside out of the BIL Supplemental Grant).

4 Percent Set-aside

State and Federal Statutes allow setting aside up to 4 percent of the Federal funds for the administration of the DWSRF program, as well as technical assistance activities. WIFA will utilize this set-aside to pay salaries and associated expenses of program's personnel devoting time to the administration of the funds as well as the necessary ancillary services performed by other agencies. These funds will also be used to procure equipment and training necessary for the adequate performance of staff. Expenses for DWSRF-related public meetings, workshops and conferences will also be paid for out of this set-aside. Funds not used immediately will be reserved for use in future years. As evidenced in the Sources and Uses Table, WIFA will provide additional program administration support through use of WIFA Fees. WIFA plans to use \$2,505,400 of the 4% from the Base Grant and BIL Supplemental Grant for administration purposes.

2 Percent Set-aside

State and Federal Statutes allow setting aside 2 percent of the Federal funds to provide local assistance to water systems in Arizona. The 2 percent set-aside in the amount of \$1,252,700 will be used by ADEQ's Capacity Development Program (\$381,580 will be from 2% set aside out of the Base Capitalization Grant and \$871,120 will be from the 2% set aside out of the BIL Supplemental Grant). ADEQ's Capacity Development Unit assists small drinking water systems, serving 10,000 or fewer people, to improve their day-to-day operation.

Section 11: Identify the Types of Assistance Provided and the Terms (Principal Forgiveness, Extended Terms)

WIFA provides low interest loans for projects eligible under the Safe Drinking Water Act. Eligible projects include treatment, transmission and distribution, source, storage, consolidation and creation of new systems. Projects to acquire land or to refinance debt obligations of publicly owned systems may also be eligible.

Forgivable Principal

WIFA may provide additional subsidization in the form of forgivable principal for up to 100 percent of the loan amount, based on financial need and if the project resolves a public health threat. WIFA may provide additional subsidization to projects for communities who cannot otherwise afford the projects. WIFA

intends on providing 26 percent of the FFY 2025 base capitalization grant in additional subsidy as forgivable principal: 12 percent for only disadvantaged communities and 14 percent for any borrower. Based on WIFA's current PPL and standard procedures WIFA staff would recommend approximately \$53.46 million in loan forgiveness; however, the exact amount of loan forgiveness provided per project is determined based on multiple factors including financial indicators of the applicant, the total forgivable available, and the anticipated near-term demand. See <u>WIFA Procedure III.20.1</u> and <u>Procedure II.21.1</u> for more information on how WIFA awards loan forgiveness.

WIFA also provides the following types of Technical Assistance:

Staff Technical Assistance - WIFA will use up to \$760,000 to provide staff technical assistance to borrowers. The purpose of WIFA's Staff Technical Assistance Program is to help prepare systems for construction of capital improvement projects. Awards will be made to small or disadvantaged systems that need assistance in completing the design phase of an infrastructure project, or any system that needs assistance to comply with WIFA's environmental review process. Under agreements between the councils of governments and WIFA, the councils of governments will be reimbursed to oversee compliance with Davis-Bacon and contractor procurement. Fees will be provided to the councils of governments to defray the cost of Davis-Bacon monitoring and procurement. The SFY 2026 allocation for these activities will be \$160,000 (included as part of the \$760,000 staff technical assistance budget). Funds will be available for projects to be funded with a WIFA construction loan.

Professional Technical Assistance – Professional Technical Assistance includes studies, surveys and other types of reports that provide benefit to a range of drinking water systems statewide. Additional funds may also be used to provide technical, managerial, and financial capacity development assistance. This year, WIFA has budgeted \$30,000 for the drinking water portion of the annual Water and Wastewater Residential Rate Survey. This effort includes a survey of approximately 500 utilities, updates to the Rates Dashboard by the University of North Carolina's Environmental Finance Center, survey analysis and final report.

WIFA has budgeted \$50,000 for Arizona State University and the Kyl Center for Water Policy at the Morrison Institute for Public Policy to undertake a statewide analysis of water affordability which will allow WIFA to better assess the ability of communities to afford repayment obligations associated with WIFA programs.

The 8th Drinking Water Needs Survey is scheduled to launch in SFY 2026. WIFA has budgeted \$160,000 to complete the Drinking Water Needs Survey. This survey effort would include travel, training, one-on-one consultation with the systems selected to participate, data review and consultation with EPA's contractor, and participation in EPA's preparation of the Report to Congress.

These costs were originally planned for SFY 2025, however are now anticipated to occur in SFY 2026. Throughout the Funding Cycle and as circumstances require, WIFA may fund additional Professional Technical Assistance projects. The Board may act to add Professional Technical Assistance projects at a public meeting of the Board.

Financial Terms and Requirements of Loans

1. All loans for the financing of projects will be for a term not to exceed 30 years from loan closing date. Loan terms are not to exceed the useful life of the project.

- 2. Repayment of loan principal must begin within 12 months of project completion based on the construction schedule available at the loan closing date or actual completion date or three years from the date of the loan closing, whichever is earlier.
- 3. Design Loans are offered for a three-year term with a 1% interest only payment structure through maturity.
- 4. Loan disbursements are to be made on a cost reimbursement basis.
- 5. All contracts for DWSRF construction financial assistance will require the borrower to comply with the Davis-Bacon Act regardless of the source of funding.
- 6. Contracts for financial assistance for all DWSRF equivalency projects will require the borrower to comply with Build America, Buy American (BABA) Act requirements.
- 7. All contracts for DWSRF construction financial assistance will require the borrower to comply with the Use of American Iron and Steel as described in WIFA's Capitalization Grant regardless of the source of funding, if required as part of the FFY 2025 Capitalization Grant.
- 8. WIFA will assess income from the Standard Combined Interest and Fee Rate (CIFR) as either fee income or interest income (see Section 18 for more details).

Section 12: State Match Sources

As demonstrated in the Sources and Uses Table, WIFA revenues will provide match for the FFY 2025 Capitalization Grants. The FFY 2025 Base Capitalization Grant requires 20% state match (\$3,815,800). The FFY 2025 BIL Supplemental Capitalization Grant requires 20% state match (\$8,711,200). The FFY 2025 BIL Emerging Contaminant Capitalization Grant and Lead Service Line Grant do not require a state match.

Section 13: Identification of Overmatch

Through January 31, 2025, WIFA has overmatched the federal grants when viewed in a cumulative perspective by \$27,493,986.

Section 14: Anticipated Cash Draw Ratio (proportionality) or Statement of Match Drawdown then Federal

With the overmatch, WIFA will draw 100 percent of federal funds until the overmatch is reduced. Once the overmatch is depleted, WIFA will draw the proportional state match amount prior to drawing federal funds.

Section 15: Estimated Disbursement Schedule

First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
20%	35%	35%	10%

Section 16: Identification of any Intended Transfers between Funds

WIFA currently has no planned transfers between the CWSRF and the DWSRF, however WIFA reserves the right to transfer between the funds in future based on demand.

Section 17: Identification and Explanation of any Cross Collateralization

The Authority maintains the CWSRF and DWSRF as separate and distinct programs. Revenues generated by either program will remain within that program. Any transfers between funds will be temporary in nature and done only to alleviate short-term cash shortages.

Section 18: Combined Interest and Fee Rate (CIFR)

WIFA Procedure has established a target CIFR ranging between 70 percent and 95 percent of the taxexempt AAA MMD Rate for governmental entities and non-profits, and the taxable-equivalent to MMD for non-governmental entities. CIFR/financial assistance index scores on each loan will be set pursuant to the criteria below:

- Total Points; and
- Local fiscal capacity of the area served by the system requesting assistance.

WIFA will assess income from the CIFR in accordance with the following table.

CIFR – Fee = Interest

Financial Structure	CIFR	Fee	Interest
Governmental	Set in accordance with Section 1 of WIFA	1.5%	CIFR – Fee
Non-Governmental	Procedure: III.3.1	3.0%	CIFR – Fee

Section 19: Fees Charged if Applicable and Uses of Fees

Section 11 describes how fees are charged. The Sources and Uses table demonstrates how fees will be used for SFY 2026, providing match to the federal grant and administration of the SRF.

Section 20: Overview of Program Financial Status and Management

The Arizona DWSRF established and is managing the revolving loan fund to make low-cost loans and other types of assistance to water systems to finance the cost of infrastructure projects to achieve or maintain compliance with Safe Drinking Water Act requirements. All planned and prior year loans have assisted public water systems in meeting the federal and state drinking water compliance requirements. Details of Arizona's DWSRF activities will be included in the DWSRF Annual Report as well as in the EPA's SRF Reporting System (formerly known as the Drinking Water National Information Management System (DW NIMS) and Drinking Water Project Benefit Reporting System (PBR)); and the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA) Reporting System (equivalency projects only).

Section 21: Leveraging Plan

As a matter of practice, WIFA pays close attention to its cash position and lending capacity. This practice includes reports to the WIFA Board and Federal Programs Committee during regular meetings. In FY2025, WIFA issued a refunding of outstanding bonds that included a revision to the bond indenture, freeing up cash from a reserve that can be used to pay debt service during FY2026. WIFA is also forecasting a need to issue bonds for new money the beginning of Fiscal Year 2027. It is worth noting that WIFA's program leverage is cross-collateralized, so the primary consideration for this was the considerable demand for both clean water and drinking water projects. Given the current uncertainty regarding the continuation of tax-exempt financing and federal funding levels for the SRFs, WIFA is also preparing for a possible bond sale in FY2026. The decision to leverage will be based on demand on the loan fund for projects to address public health concerns, political and market conditions, and long-term impact to the financial health of the fund.

Section 22: Binding Commitment Schedule

When the Board of Directors approves an applicant's financial assistance request, WIFA staff prepares and circulates financial assistance (loan) documents to evidence the binding commitment in accordance with

applicable federal and state requirements. Based on the DW PPL, WIFA expects to enter into binding commitments at 147 percent (dollars on PPL vs. the federal cap grant). WIFA's process is to accept PPL applications throughout the fiscal year instead of locking the PPL at the beginning of the year. WIFA is currently in discussions with numerous borrowers on potential projects that will be added to the SFY 2026 PPL as the year progresses.

Section 23: Grant Payment Schedule

WIFA will receive all payments in the first quarter available.

Section 24: Project Priority List and Fundable List

WIFA applies all crosscutters to all DWSRF projects with the exception of FFATA and BABA. FFATA and BABA are treated on an equivalency basis. It is unknown at this time which projects will be awarded forgivable principal.

Arizona's Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List – SFY 2026 Funding Cycle

PPL		Pop-	_				Project	Amount Requested / Probable Green	Financial Assistance
Rank	Applicant	ulation	County	PWS#	Project Name	Description	Number	Amount	Index
					Water System	The project will include the replacement of all	DW		
	¹ Jackson Acres			A 70 41 2	Infrastructure	piping at the well and to the storage tank and	DW- 001-		
1	DWID	22	Vavanai	AZ0413 036	Replacement	booster pumps to reduce leaks and potential	2026	\$1,500,000.00	75%*
	טועעט	32	Yavapai	036	Project	Lead and Copper concerns system-wide	2026	φ1,300,000.00	7370
						Viewpointe HOA has faced ongoing water			
						system failures since 2011, with costly repairs			
	¹ Viewpointe II					failing to stop significant water loss. Home	DW-		
	Townhomes			470420	\/: aa.inta 110 A	metering revealed only 30% of water reached			
2	Association Inc	272	Dimon	AZ0420	Viewpointe HOA	homes, this request would fund the waterline	002- 2026	\$3,638,639.00	80%*
	ASSOCIATION INC	272	Pima	101	Program	replacement to reduce water loss.	2026	\$3,030,039.00	80 70
						The Window Rock Unified School District, in			
					Land Dina	partnership with the Navajo Tribal Utility			
					Lead Pipe	Authority, plans to replace existing, old and			
	^{1, 2} Navajo Tribal				Replacement	damaged lead pipe lines with modern water	DW		
	Utility Authority			NINIOAOO	Project	lines that meet State Code and EPA guidelines	DW- 003-		
3	(NTUA)	12.000	A a a la a	NN0403	(NTUA/Window	to provide clean drinking water for their		\$7,683,428.00	80%*
<u> </u>	(NTOA)	12,869	Apache	000	Rock USD)	students, faculty, staff and community.	2026	\$7,003,420.00	80 70
	^{1, 2} Pine-				Service and				
	Strawberry Water				Customer		DW-		
	Improvement			A 70404	Waterlines	DCM/ID plane to conduct the EDA mandeted	004-		
4	District	2 006	Gila	AZ0404 034	Inspection for Lead	PSWID plans to conduct the EPA mandated	2026	\$700,000.00	75%*
4	DISTRICT	2,896	Glia	034	& Copper	Lead Service Line inventory.	2026	Ψ700,000.00	7370
						The water system being built in the 1900s			
						coupled with lead concentrations in the water	DW		
	¹ Kelvin Simmons			A 70 41 1		exceeding the action level (0.015mg/L) since	DW- 005-		
5	Water Co-Op	F0	Dinal	AZ0411	ICI Banlacamant	September 2017, strongly suggests the use of		\$500,000.00	80%
ິນ	water co-op	50	Pinal	035	LSL Replacement	lead service lines. This project will replace 100%	2026	φουυ,υυυ.υυ	0070

PPL Rank	Applicant	Pop- ulation	County	PWS#	Project Name	Description	Project Number	Amount Requested / Probable Green Amount	Financial Assistance Index
			·		,	of the water lines to provide safe water to customers.			
6	¹ Thim Utility Co.	1,220	Pima	AZ0410 117	Water System Improvement Project	Current equipment, storage, pumps and wells need to be repaired or replaced. Thim will be implementing a major overhaul to its water production and transmission system. Thim will also be adding additional storage, electrical panels, as well as replacing 265 Meters and adding software integration system to more efficiently read water meters.	DW- 006- 2026	\$2,010,165.02 / \$401,565.00	80%*
7	¹ Ellison Creek	175	Gila	AZ0404 106	ECCOA water line replacement	This project aims to replace the water distribution system for all 60 of the homes in Ellison Creek.	DW- 007- 2026	\$2,000,000.00	80%*
8	Marana, Town of	5,100	Pima	AZ0410 329	Pioneer Well PFAS Treatment	The Pioneer Well in Marana's Hartman Vista system supplies 40% of the water, but exceeds MCLs for PFOS, PFHxS, and PFOA. Marana Water plans to build an ion-exchange treatment facility to remove PFAS.	DW- 008- 2026	\$3,000,000.00	85%
9	¹ Rancho Del Conejo Community Water Co-op	900	Pima	AZ0410 142	Rancho Del Conejo Community Water Co-op Meter Replacement Project	RDC plans to replace all manual-read water meters with cellular meters to improve accuracy, identify leaks, conserve water, and reduce operating costs.	DW- 009- 2026	\$180,000.00 / \$180,000.00	85%
10	¹ Ash Fork Development Assoc. dba: Ash Fork Water Service	2,400	Yavapai	AZ0413 008	Ash Fork Water Service System Improvements	This project will address multiple issues within the system including spot blast and re-coat of two 500,000-gallon steel Storage Tanks, installation of an Arsenic Treatment system, installation of approximately 6,200' of water mains and design and construction of a new Standpipe facility.	DW- 010- 2026	\$1,375,000.00	75%*

								Amount Requested	
								1	Financial
PPL		Pop-					Project	Probable Green	Assistance
Rank	Applicant	ulation	County	PWS#	Project Name	Description	Number	Amount	Index
						This project aims to resolve critical water			
						system issues through the installation of new			
						well casing, construction of a 170,000-gallon			
	O VII				Well Site	water storage tank, and installation of perimeter			
	Sun Valley Farms				Improvement and	fencing around the site. It also includes	DW-		
	Unit VI Water			AZ0411	Capacity Upgrades	associated infrastructure such as piping, valves,	011-		
11	Company, Inc.	600	Pinal	111	(2)	controls, and the tank foundation.	2026	\$877,941.00	85%
						This project will replace aged and failing water			
	1					lines and water meters with new water lines and	DW-		
	¹ WILD FLOWER			AZ0410	Distribution system	radio read meters which will provide residents a	012-	4	
12	WATER CO-OP	145	Pima	265	upgrade	more reliable water service.	2026	\$200,000.00	80%*
	¹ Escudilla								
	Mountain								
	Domestic Water					This project will include the construction of a	DW-		
	Improvement			AZ0401	Escudilla Mountain	standpipe and waterline to provide water to an	013-		
13	District	140	Apache	349	DWID Standpipe	unserved community.	2026	\$500,000.00	85%
		_				The Marana Water department aims to replace		, ,	
						depleted groundwater with CAP canal water and			
						reclaimed wastewater. Infrastructure upgrades			
						near Marana Regional Airport are needed to			
					Northwest	pump water into the NWRRDS pipeline at 1,500			
					Recharge and	gallons per minute and 200 psi. This includes			
				AZ0410	Recovery Delivery	installing an in-line booster and a new booster			
				406;	System - Marana	station at the airport to ensure continuous	DW-		
				AZ0410	Independent	supply to both the NWRRDS Booster and the	014-		
14	Marana, Town of	5,100	Pima	329	Project	airport Potable System.	2026	\$3,000,000.00	85%
						The water system's only well has been non-			
	¹ Janice E. Worden					operational since August 8, 2023. An			
	and Lawrence A					obstruction within the casing is impeding	DW-		
	Worden dba			AZ0410		installation of a new pump, so a new well needs	015-		
15	Worden Water Co	60	Pima	132	New well	to be drilled. Drill a new well.	2026	\$82,000.00	80%*

PPL Rank	Applicant	Pop-	Country	PWS#	Don't at Name	Description	Project Number	Amount Requested / Probable Green	Financial Assistance
Naiik	Аррисан	ulation	County	PVV3#	Project Name	The Town of Payson must comply with new Lead	Number	Amount	Index
					Town Of Dovices	and Copper Rule requirements, including			
					Town Of Payson Lead Service Line	service line inventory, public notifications, and reporting. They have completed initial inventory	DW-		
	^{1,2} Payson, Town			AZ0404	Identification	submission and notifications but still need to	016-		
16	of	18,000	Gila	032	Project	physically identify unknown service lines.	2026	\$500,000.00	80%*
					Various Water	This project includes the Verde Commercial			
					Projects (including	Tank & Pump (Engineering/Construction), an			
				AZ0413	land acquisition for	ADWR Adequate Water Supply Study, Verde	514		
	¹ Town of Camp			015:	wells, adequate	River Estates new Well (Land Acquisition), and	DW- 017-		
17	Verde, Arizona	5,550	Yavapai	AZ0413 072	water study and tank & pump)	Northbound Highway 260 Production Wells (Land Acquisition).	2026	\$4,945,000.00	80%*
17	Verue, Arizona	3,330	ταναμαι	072	2025 Water Line	(Land Acquisition).	DW-	ψ-,υ-υ,υυυ.υυ	0070
	Star Valley, Town			AZ0404	Replacement	This project will include the replacement of	018-		
18	of	1,157	Gila	037	Project	failing waterlines.	2026	\$260,000.00	80%*
						Granite Mountain Water Company will install a	DW-		
	Granite Mountain			AZ0413	Granite Mountain	new storage tank to meet demand during peak	019-		
19	Water Company	381	Yavapai	150	Storage	hours.	2026	\$500,000.00	85%
						Silverbell IDD has 2 active groundwater wells			
						supplying drinking water, with 2 inactive wells			
						due to collapse. The active wells suffer from			
	10:1					incomplete casing and the water system is			
	¹ Silverbell				Silverbell IDD New	struggling to pump enough groundwater to	DW-		
20	Irrigation and	207	Dinal	AZ0411	Drinking Water	supply their customers. Silverbell IDD is	020- 2026	\$699,964.00	85%
20	Drainage District	307	Pinal	005	Well	requesting funding to install a new well.	2026	φ033,304.00	0570
						The City of Prescott discovered the presence of	514		
	^{1, 3, 4} City of			470413	Dysasatt M/sll-	PFAS chemicals in two of their water wells	DW-		
21	Prescott	60,804	Yavapai	AZ0413 045	Prescott Wells Remediation	located near the airport and is seeking funding to remediate the wells.	021- 2026	\$7,000,000.00	80%*
4 1	1 1030011	00,004	ravapar	043	Nemediation	to remodiate the wetts.	2020	Ψ7,000,000.00	5570

PPL		Pop-					Project	Amount Requested / Probable Green	Financial Assistance
Rank	Applicant	ulation	County	PWS#	Project Name	Description	Number	Amount	Index
					Potable Water	This project is to conduct design and			
					Storage & Delivery	construction services for Coldwater Canyon 2			
				AZ0413	Project Design and	and Coldwater Canyon 3 to add potable water			
	Coldwater			192;	Construction for	storage, upgrade the electrical components,	DW-		
	Canyon Water			AZ0413	Coldwater Canyon	and integrate booster pumps and pressure	022-		
22	Company	290	Yavapai	202	2 and 3	vessels to maintain constant water pressure.	2026	\$1,465,000.00	85%
				AZ0413					
				020;	Arsenic Treatment				
	Oaldwater			AZ0413	Design and	This project involves conducting design and			
	Coldwater			192;	Construction for	construction services for Coldwater Canyon 1,	DW-		
	Canyon Water			AZ0413	Coldwater Canyon	2, and 3 to upgrade the arsenic treatment	023-	44 005 000 00	050/
23	Company	1,085	Yavapai	202	1, 2, and 3	systems and provide redundancy.	2023	\$1,925,000.00	85%
	¹ Via Entrada				Via Entrada Townhouses Association Water System	This project involves the replacement of the water distribution system within Via Entrada Townhouses Association area as well as the addition of sub-meters which will help identify	DW-		
	Townhouses			AZ0420	Improvement	and locate leaks and excessive usage more	024-	φ ₄ Ερρ ρου ορ	050/
24	Association	77	Pima	103	Project	efficiently.	2026	\$1,500,000.00	85%
						This project includes the design and construction of a new raw water intake structure located upstream of the Glen Canyon Dam on the east side of the dam, and a new 25,500 foot, 18-inch conveyance pipeline would be			
	⁴ Page Utility			470405	Raw Water Intake	constructed to convey raw water from the intake	DW-		
25	Enterprises	9.676	Coconina	AZ0403	and Conveyance	pump station to the surface water treatment	025-	\$38,432,000.00	90%
20	Enterprises	8,676	Coconino	017	Pipeline	plant.	2026	ψ00,402,000.00	3070

								Amount Requested	
PPL							.	/	Financial
		Pop-	_			5	Project	Probable Green	Assistance
Rank	Applicant	ulation	County	PWS#	Project Name	Description	Number	Amount	Index
	^{3,4} Town of			AZ0413	Quailwood Well #3 Treatment and Water System	PFAS chemicals impact three Wells in the southeastern portion of the Town's distribution system. The town will install an ion exchange treatment at one of the wells and interconnect this area to another part of the water system to provide an alternate water source and account for the loss of well capacity from the other 2	DW- 026-		
26	Prescott Valley	53,000	Yavapai	048	Inter-tie	wells.	2026	\$10,000,000.00	90%
	^{3,4} Liberty Utilities (Litchfield Water			AZ0407	PFAS Remediation in Drinking Water	PFAS has impacted the entire water supply of the Liberty Utilities Litchfield water system. To ensure compliance with the PFAS MCL, the company is requesting funding for a treatment master plan, pilot testing, final design, construction and related support and	DW- 027-		
27	& Sewer) Corp.	55,000	Maricopa	046	Wells	management activities.	2026	\$18,000,000.00	95%

Total: \$112,474,137.02

Legend:

¹Eligible for disadvantaged community designation

² Eligible for BIL – Lead Service Line Replacement Funds

³ Eligible for BIL – Emerging Contaminant Funds

⁴Potential equivalency project

^{*}Priority Community

Arizona's Drinking Water Revolving Fund Fundable Range List – SFY 2026 Funding Cycle

Fundable Range	PPL Rank					Project Number	Amount	Financial Assistance
Rank		Applicant	Population	County	Project Name		Requested	Index
		Navajo Tribal Utility Authority			Lead Pipe Replacement Project	DW-003-		
1	3	(NTUA)	12,869	Apache	(NTUA/Window Rock USD)	2026	\$7,683,428.00	80%*
					Service and Customer			
		Pine-Strawberry Water			Waterlines Inspection for Lead	DW-004-		
2	4	Improvement District	2,896	Gila	& Copper	2026	\$700,000.00	75%*

Total: \$8,383,428.00

Arizona's Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List – BIL Funding Eligibility

PPL Rank	Applicant	Project Name	Project Number	Amount Requested	Amount Eligible for Base Grant or BIL Supplemental Grant	Amount Eligible for BIL Lead Service Line Grant	Amount Eligible for BIL Emerging Contaminant Grant
		Water System	DW-				
	¹ Jackson Acres	Infrastructure	001-				
1	DWID	Replacement Project	2026	\$1,500,000.00	\$1,500,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
	¹ Viewpointe II		DW-				
	Townhomes	Viewpointe HOA	002-				
2	Association Inc	Program	2026	\$3,638,639.00	\$3,638,639.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
	^{1, 2} Navajo Tribal	Lead Pipe Replacement	DW-				
	Utility Authority	Project (NTUA/Window	003-				
3	(NTUA)	Rock USD)	2026	\$7,683,428.00	\$0.00	\$7,683,428.00	\$0.00
	^{1,2} Pine-						
	Strawberry Water	Service and Customer	DW-				
	Improvement	Waterlines Inspection	004-				
4	District	for Lead & Copper	2026	\$700,000.00	\$0.00	\$700,000.00	\$0.00
			DW-				
	Kelvin Simmons		005-				
5	Water Co-Op	LSL Replacement	2026	\$500,000.00	\$0.00	\$500,000.00	\$0.00

			Project Number	Amount Requested	Amount Eligible for Base Grant or BIL Supplemental Grant	Amount Eligible for BIL Lead Service Line Grant	Amount Eligible for BIL Emerging Contaminant Grant
			DW-				
		Water System	006-				
6	Thim Utility Co.	Improvement Project	2026	\$2,010,165.02	\$2,010,165.02	\$0.00	\$0.00
			DW-				
		ECCOA water line	007-				
7	Ellison Creek	replacement	2026	\$2,000,000.00	\$2,000,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
			DW-				
		Pioneer Well PFAS	008-				
	Marana, Town of	Treatment	2026	\$3,000,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$3,000,000.00
	Rancho Del	Rancho Del Conejo					
	Conejo	Community Water Co-	DW-				
	Community	op Meter Replacement	009-				
	Water Co-op	Project	2026	\$180,000.00	\$180,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
	¹ Ash Fork						
	Development						
	Assoc. dba: Ash		DW-				
	Fork Water	Ash Fork Water Service	010-				
10	Service	System Improvements	2026	\$1,375,000.00	\$1,375,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
	Sun Valley Farms	Well Site Improvement	DW-				
	Unit VI Water	and Capacity Upgrades	011-				
	Company, Inc.	(2)	2026	\$877,941.00	\$877,941.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
		(-)	DW-	¥ 5 , 5	7011,012100	70.00	70.00
	¹ WILD FLOWER	Distribution system	012-				
	WATER CO-OP		2026	\$200,000.00	\$200,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
	Escudilla	upgrade	2020	φ∠υυ,υυυ.υυ	φ∠υυ,υυυ.υυ	φυ.υυ	φυ.υυ
	Mountain						
	Domestic Water		DW-				
	Improvement	Escudilla Mountain	013-				
	District	DWID Standpipe	2026	\$500,000.00	\$500,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

PPL Rank	Applicant	Project Name	Project Number	Amount Requested	Amount Eligible for Base Grant or BIL Supplemental Grant	Amount Eligible for BIL Lead Service Line Grant	Amount Eligible for BIL Emerging Contaminant Grant
		Northwest Recharge					
		and Recovery Delivery	DW-				
		System - Marana	014-				
14	Marana, Town of	Independent Project	2026	\$3,000,000.00	\$3,000,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
	Janice E. Worden						
	and Lawrence A						
	Worden dba		DW-				
	Worden Water		015-				
15	Co	New well	2026	\$82,000.00	\$82,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
		Town Of Payson Lead	DW-				
	^{1,2} Payson, Town	Service Line	016-			_	
16	of	Identification Project	2026	\$500,000.00	\$0.00	\$500,000.00	\$0.00
		Various Water Projects					
		(including land					
		acquisition for wells,	DW-				
	¹ Town of Camp	adequate water study	017-				
17	Verde, Arizona	and tank & pump)	2026	\$4,945,000.00	\$4,945,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
			DW-				
	Star Valley, Town	2025 Water Line	018-				
18	of	Replacement Project	2026	\$260,000.00	\$260,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
			DW-				
	Granite Mountain	Granite Mountain	019-				
19	Water Company	Storage	2026	\$500,000.00	\$500,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
	Silverbell		DW-				
	Irrigation and	SIlverbell IDD New	020-				
20	Drainage District	Drinking Water Well	2026	\$699,964.00	\$699,964.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
			DW-	, ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	7	T
		Prescott Wells	021-				
21	³ City of Prescott	Remediation	2026	\$7,000,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$7,000,000.00

PPL Rank	Applicant	Project Name	Project Number	Amount Requested	Amount Eligible for Base Grant or BIL Supplemental Grant	Amount Eligible for BIL Lead Service Line Grant	Amount Eligible for BIL Emerging Contaminant Grant
		Potable Water Storage &					
		Delivery Project Design					
	Coldwater	and Construction for	DW-				
	Canyon Water	Coldwater Canyon 2	022-				
22	Company	and 3	2026	\$1,465,000.00	\$1,465,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
		Arsenic Treatment					
		Design and					
	Coldwater	Construction for	DW-				
	Canyon Water	Coldwater Canyon 1, 2,	023-				
23	Company	and 3	2023	\$1,925,000.00	\$1,925,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
		Via Entrada Townhouses					
	Via Entrada	Association Water	DW-				
	Townhouses	System Improvement	024-				
24	Association	Project	2026	\$1,500,000.00	\$1,500,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
			DW-				
	Page Utility	Raw Water Intake and	025-				
25	Enterprises	Conveyance Pipeline	2026	\$38,432,000.00	\$38,432,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
		Quailwood Well #3	DW-				
	³ Town of	Treatment and Water	026-				
26	Prescott Valley	System Inter-tie	2026	\$10,000,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$10,000,000.00
	³ Liberty Utilities		DW-				
	(Litchfield Water	PFAS Remediation in	027-				
27	& Sewer) Corp.	Drinking Water Wells	2026	\$18,000,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$18,000,000.00
	_			\$112,474,137.02	\$65,090,709.02	\$9,383,428.00	\$38,000,000.00

Section 25: IUP Includes Set-Asides Taken and Authority to be Banked if Applicable

See Sources and Uses Table for Set-Aside budgeted for FFY 2025. WIFA reserves the authority to bank any allowable percentages of set-asides for future use.

Section 26: IUP Includes Uses of the Set-Aside Funds and Expected Timeline of Expenditure Section 10 describes the uses of the set-aside funds. ADEQ provides a timeline in a separate work plan for their portion.

Section 27: IUP Includes Expected Outcomes of the Set-Aside Funds Provided by ADEQ under separate cover.