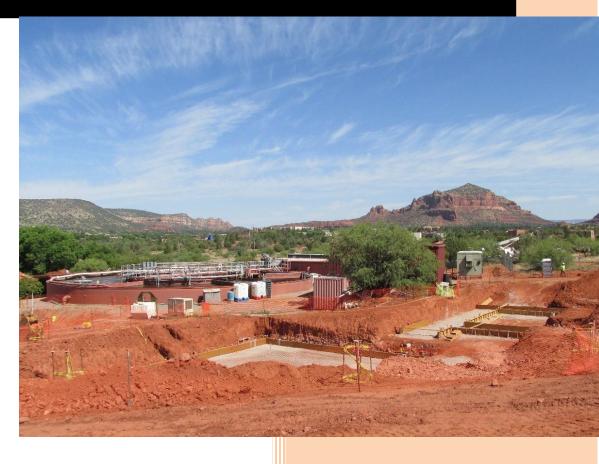
SFY 2026

Clean Water Intended Use Plan



Water Infrastructure
Finance Authority of
Arizona



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INTRODUCTION

The Water Infrastructure Finance Authority (WIFA) is pleased to submit Arizona's Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) Intended Use Plan (IUP) for the State Fiscal Year (SFY) 2026 funding cycle. The CWSRF IUP describes WIFA's plan to develop, implement, and administer the CWSRF program in Arizona from July 1, 2025 through June 30, 2026.

This IUP is a required element of the grant application documentation to obtain the Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) 2025 grant awards and is not intended to be a comprehensive description of the State Revolving Fund programs. More detailed information about all of WIFA's funding programs is available to the public at www.azwifa.gov or by emailing contact@azwifa.gov.

During SFY 2026, WIFA will utilize various funding sources to finance drinking water infrastructure and support related program activities. This IUP is based upon the FFY 2025 CWSRF Federal Appropriation of \$1,638,861,000. Of this, Arizona's Capitalization Grant is anticipated to be \$10,716,000

Additionally, the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL), also known as the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA) of 2021, (P.L. 117-58), increased the federal appropriations to the CWSRF programs. Appropriations from BIL are summarized in Table 1 below.

Table 1. Summary of Federal Appropriations FFY2025

Appropriation	Federal Amount - FFY 2025	Arizona's Amount - FFY 2025
CWSRF Base Capitalization Grant	\$1,638,861,000	\$10,716,000
CWSRF General Supplemental	\$2,603,000,000	\$16,639,000
CWSRF Emerging Contaminant	\$225,000,000	\$1,436,000
Total	\$4,466,861,000	\$28,791,000

In addition to the amounts listed above further funds have become available through the re-allotment process. Therefore, the CWSRF Emerging Contaminant Capitalization Grant total available is \$1,528,000. See Section 10 for more information on the total sources of funds available.

The Arizona CWSRF Loan Program provides funds for publicly-owned municipal wastewater systems and nonpoint source projects. Eligible projects include planning, design and construction of new wastewater treatment plants, improvements and upgrades to existing wastewater treatment plants, sewer collection systems, water reclamation and reuse facilities, stormwater infrastructure and nonpoint source projects. The program places an emphasis on small and disadvantaged communities and on projects that promote sustainability through water efficiency, energy efficiency, green stormwater infrastructure or other environmentally innovative activities. Loan repayments to the State will provide a continuing source of infrastructure financing into the future.

Section 1: Short-Term Goals

For the purposes of this IUP, a short-term goal is an activity intended to be initiated and, in some cases, completed within a year.

- WIFA will make wastewater infrastructure loans more accessible and affordable to small communities by subsidizing all loans (providing below market interest rates).
- If available, WIFA will provide up to 40 percent of the Capitalization Grant amount as additional subsidy in the form of forgivable principal to communities who are identified as disadvantaged, for projects that mitigate stormwater or fulfill the Green Project Reserve requirement.

 WIFA will provide any required percentage/amount of the Capitalization Grant amount for sustainable construction efforts such as water efficiency, energy efficiency, green stormwater infrastructure or other environmentally innovative activities.

Section 2: Long-Term Goals

For purposes of this IUP, long-term is defined as the life of the program. The following are the long-term goals of the loan program:

- Award WIFA's resources in accordance with the needs of Arizona's citizens;
- Maintain the fiscal integrity of WIFA's funds and assure continuous enhancement for future generations;
- Effectively and efficiently deliver financial and technical assistance;
- Market agency programs and advocate the importance of safe, reliable water through presentations, networking and outreach.
- Ensure compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964

Section 3: Important Program Changes

In 2022, the Arizona Legislature made significant changes to WIFA's structure and mission through SB1740. Most of the changes were related to the creation of three additional funds, separate from the state revolving funds, focused on water supply development, conservation, and augmentation. While the new funds have no direct impact on the CWSRF, the changes have raised WIFA's public profile and generated greater awareness of all of WIFA's assistance programs, including the CWSRF. The bill also changed WIFA's governance structure, including related to decision making under the state revolving funds. Funding decisions under the SRF are now vetted first by a federal programs committee, which consists of representatives from public water systems, domestic water systems, large and small cities or towns, large and small counties, and representatives from the Department of Environmental Quality. The federal programs committee reviews applications and makes recommendations to the WIFA Board of Directors, who ultimately votes on whether to provide funding. The Board of Directors is appointed by a bicameral, bipartisan group of legislators and the Governor and consists of financial and water experts from large and small counties.

In SFY 2022 Arizona Senate Bill 1067 passed which for fiscal years 2024 through 2027 allows cities and towns regardless of their size, to enter into loan agreements with WIFA without obtaining voter approval, provided the agreement is financed with BIL funds. These cities and towns will still be required to obtain a resolution from their governing bodies to enter into a loan with WIFA. This change in statute helps to streamline the application process and opens up the availability of BIL funds to communities who otherwise would likely not have applied for them.

In June 2023, WIFA modified <u>Procedure III.20.1</u>, <u>Additional Subsidy Procedure</u>, to provide the opportunity for CWSRF loan recipients to receive 100% loan forgiveness if the loan was \$250,000 or less, is for a disadvantaged community, and is resolving a nonpoint source pollution problem.

In March 2024 WIFA's Board approved WIFA Policy II.1, Clean Water and Drinking Water SRF Application Process Policy, which made updates to the application process to ensure projects which are added to the fundable range list are ready to proceed in the process to ensure awarded SRF loan funds are spent by borrowers in a timely and expeditious manner.

Section 4: Agreement to Enter Data into SRF Data System

WIFA agrees to enter data into the SRF Data System (formerly known as CBR) no less than quarterly and to enter data for the yearly report (formerly known as NIMS).

Section 5: Description of Public Notice Process and Actions Taken to Address Public Comments

A notice and comment period regarding this IUP was conducted from June 3, 2025 through June 17, 2025. Notice of the comment period was provided to 6,749 stakeholders through the GovDelivery email system. WIFA also posted information about the IUP and instructions for commenting on our Facebook and other social media accounts. Additionally, the draft IUP was posted on WIFA's website and sent directly to interested local stakeholders including the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality, Arizona Corporation Commission, Arizona Department of Water Resources, Rural Water Association, Environmental Defense Fund, Audubon Society, and the Inter-Tribal Council of Arizona.

Public Comment Opportunities and Schedule

The public was invited to offer written comments on this IUP via mail or email. Mailed comments were accepted if mailed to WIFA's offices, 3300 N. Central Avenue, Suite 1050, Phoenix, AZ 85012. Emailed comments were accepted if sent to contact@azwifa.gov.

The public also had three opportunities to provide oral comments. First, the public had the opportunity to comment during the June 10, 2025 Federal Programs Committee (FPC) meeting. Then WIFA hosted a public hearing to allow for real-time public comments on June 13, 2025. Information and registration for the public hearing were made available online. The public also had the opportunity to comment at the June 18, 2025 WIFA Board of Directors meeting. The FPC is responsible for reviewing, discussing, and making a recommendation to the Board regarding the adoption of the IUP, and the Board is responsible for adopting the final IUP. Instructions for commenting were made available online and included on the agendas for each meeting.

WIFA solicited public review and comment on the draft SFY 2026 CWSRF IUP and Project Priority List (PPL) according to the following schedule.

June 3, 2025	 Draft IUP posted on www.azwifa.gov Draft IUP and instructions for commenting sent via GovDelivery Draft IUP and instructions for commenting posted on Social Media Draft IUP sent directly to key stakeholders
June 10, 2025	 Federal Program Committee meeting to review, discuss, and make a recommendation on the draft CWSRF IUP and PPL. Public comments also accepted as part of the FPC meeting.
June 13, 2025	 Public hearing conducted to solicit comments in real time
June 17, 2025	Deadline for submitting public comments on the draft IUP
June 18, 2025	 Water Infrastructure Finance Authority Board of Directors' meeting to review FPC recommendations and public input before adoption of the final draft CWSRF IUP After adoption, the IUP will be sent to EPA for final approval.
July 1, 2025	Begin implementation of the Approved CWSRF IUP and PPL.

Comments Received and WIFA's Responses

In this section, WIFA will summarize all comments received and provide responses as appropriate. This section will be completed prior to the June 18, 2025 Board of Director's meeting.

Section 6: Assurances and Specific Proposals

WIFA intends to comply with the following:

- WIFA will comply and will notify its borrowers of the requirement to comply with the Civil Rights Act requirements outlined in the Capitalization Grant Terms and Conditions;
- WIFA will comply with its environmental review policy as approved by EPA;
- WIFA will notify its borrowers of the requirement to comply with the Federal Flood Risk Management Standard (equivalency requirement);
- WIFA will notify its borrowers of the requirement to comply with the Davis-Bacon requirements outlined in the Capitalization Grant Terms and Conditions;
- WIFA will notify its borrowers of the requirement to comply with the American Iron and Steel requirements outlined in the Capitalization Grant Terms and Conditions;
- WIFA will notify its borrowers of the requirement to comply with the Build America, Buy American
 Act requirement outlined in the Capitalization Grant Terms and Conditions (equivalency
 requirement); and
- WIFA will strive to comply with applicable EPA guidance.
- A minimum of 10 percent of the FFY 2025 Capitalization Grant will be provided for green projects (water efficiency, energy efficiency, green stormwater infrastructure or other environmentally innovative activities).

WIFA has made, and continues to make, a good faith effort to solicit projects to meet the green project reserve (GPR) requirement. The Clean Water Project Priority List currently has two projects totaling \$10,026,700 which will fulfill the GPR requirements for FFY 2025.

Section 7: Disadvantaged Community Program

WIFA is committed to providing assistance to wastewater systems serving Disadvantaged Communities.

In June of 2022 WIFA revised the definition of disadvantaged community in in WIFA Policy III.6 in response to EPA BIL Guidance. WIFA intends to provide 40 percent of the Base Capitalization Grant in additional subsidy as forgivable principal (unless the grant requirement is higher, in which case this percentage will be adjusted accordingly) to communities who cannot otherwise afford projects (including disadvantaged communities). WIFA's Disadvantaged Policy allows for forgivable principal, a reduced interest rate or a combination thereof. WIFA's Additional Subsidy Procedure (III.20.1) for clean water projects allows for up to 100% forgivable principal for disadvantaged communities who are resolving nonpoint source pollution problems and project costs are \$250,000 or less.

Table 2. Grant amounts, forgivable principal amounts, and forgivable principal eligibility

Grant	Grant Amount*	% Available as Forgivable Principal	Dollar Amount of Forgivable Principal
Base	\$10,716,000	40% (only for disadvantaged or green projects)	\$4,286,400
BIL – Supplemental	\$16,639,000	49% (only for disadvantaged or green projects)	\$8,153,110
BIL – Emerging Contaminant	\$1,528,000	100%	\$1,528,000
Total	\$28,883,000		\$13,967,510

^{*}The BIL Emerging Contaminant Grant includes re-allotment amounts from a past Capitalization Grant.

Section 8: Criteria and Methods for Distribution of Funds (Priority Setting Criteria)

Project Priority List and Fundable Range

- Project Priority List (PPL): On an annual basis, following a statewide solicitation for projects, WIFA develops a statewide priority list of projects. Projects are scored and ranked on the list based upon the financial need of the applicant and the water quality benefits of the project (i.e. resolving permit violations, protecting water quality of groundwater and surface water, or resolving nonpoint source pollution problems). Additional points are added for projects that are septic to sewer or create cluster on-site systems, and for projects that have water or energy efficiency components. Currently, WIFA's CW PPL has 11 applications totaling \$168,185,857 (see table below). Staff are in discussions with several communities with potential CW projects to be added to the PPL during the year.
- Fundable Range: The Fundable Range includes the applicants ready to receive design or construction financial assistance. Projects are added to the Fundable Range as they become ready to proceed throughout the year.

• Project Priority List Updates

The CW PPL may be updated throughout the year with additions or removals of projects or adjusting the fundable range for design or construction projects. The decision to update the CW PPL may be based on a project's readiness to proceed, availability of other funding sources or other new information affecting the expansion or contraction of the PPL and Fundable Range. The Board adopts the updated CW PPL at a public meeting and the updates are posted on WIFA's website.

Table 3. Grant amounts compared to PPLs received

Grant	Grant Amount*	Number of PPL Applications	Dollar Amount of PPL Applications
Base & BIL – Supplemental*	\$27,355,000	10	\$166,749,857
BIL – Emerging Contaminant	\$1,528,000	1	\$1,436,000
Total	\$28,883,000	11	\$168,185,857

^{*}The Base Grant and BIL Supplemental have the same eligibility and therefore have been grouped together.

Section 9: Bypass Procedures

The Fundable Range process is used to bypass projects that are not ready to proceed. In determining which projects may be included on the Fundable Range, WIFA evaluates each project for evidence of debt authorization, the completeness of the PPL application, the applicant's technical, managerial, financial, and legal capability to be eligible for an SRF loan, the project timeline and design/engineering progress, and other documentation requested by staff. If sufficient funds are not available to fund all projects that are ready to proceed, WIFA will use tie breaking procedures established in A.A.C. R18-15-204.

Section 10: Sources and Uses Table

Clean Water Sources and Uses	2026
Revolving Fund	\$ 141,753,523
Undrawn Federal Funds	\$ 28,667,937
Beginning Funds Available (Estimate: 07-01-25)	\$ 170,421,460
FFY 2025 Base Cap Grant (Forgivable 40% - \$4,286,400)	\$ 10,716,000
FFY 2025 Supplemental Cap Grant (Forgivable 49% - \$8,153,110)	\$ 16,639,000
FFY 2025 Emerging Contaminants Cap Grant (Forgivable 100% - \$1,436,000)	\$ 1,436,000
FFY 2023 Emerging Contaminants Cap Grant - Reallotment (Forgivable 100% - \$75,000)	\$ 75,000
FFY 2022 Emerging Contaminants Cap Grant - Reallotment (Forgivable 100% - \$17,000)	\$ 17,000
P&I Repayments from SRF Loans	\$ 32,431,060
Administrative Fees from SRF Loans	\$ 5,971,839
Investment Interest Earned	\$ 5,493,538
State Appropriations	\$ -
Refunding Savings/Revenue Bond Proceeds	\$ -
Total Funding Sources	\$ 243,200,897
Debt Service Payments	\$ 1,295,444
Administration Expenses Paid from Fee Revenue	\$ 250,000
Administration Expenses (4% - from Base Grant)	\$ 428,640
Administration Expenses (4% - from Supplemental Grant)	\$ 665,560
Outstanding Loan Obligations (Closed Loans) ¹	\$ 220,563,012
Binding Commitments (Board Approved/Not Closed) ¹	\$ -
Staff and Professional Technical Assistance from Fee Revenue	\$ 360,000
Total Fund Uses	\$ 223,562,656
Ending Cash Balance	\$ 19,639,241
Project Priority List Projects	\$ 168,185,857
Ending Cash Balance with PPL Projects	\$ (148,547,616)

^{1.} Loan obligations and commitments are expected to be drawn down over several years as projects proceed, WIFA does not anticipate these amounts to be drawn down completely in SFY 2026.

Financial Assistance Funds for Loans

Eligible projects include planning, design and construction or replacement of wastewater facilities, sewer collection systems, reclamation, recharge, nonpoint source and stormwater infrastructure. The required percentage/amount of the federal grant will be used to finance sustainable projects that emphasize water efficiency, energy efficiency, green stormwater infrastructure or other environmentally innovative activities. See the Arizona CWSRF Sources & Uses for SFY 2026 (FFY 2025) Funding Cycle Table for detail.

Section 11: Identify Types of Assistance Provided and Terms (Principal Forgiveness, Extended Terms)

Technical Assistance

Technical Assistance available from WIFA includes staff assistance and professional assistance. The Bipartisan Infrastructure Bill (BIL) of 2021 allows for the states to use an additional 2 percent of their annual CWSRF Capitalization Grants awarded after November 15, 2022 to provide technical assistance to rural, small and tribal publicly owned treatment works. Arizona intends to reserve this set-aside in the application of the FFY 2025 Capitalization Grant.

Staff Technical Assistance

WIFA will use up to \$330,000 to provide staff technical assistance to borrowers. The purpose of WIFA's Staff Technical Assistance Program is to help prepare systems for construction of capital improvement projects. Awards will be made to small or disadvantaged systems that need assistance in completing the design phase of an infrastructure project, or any system that needs assistance to comply with WIFA's environmental review process, or to prepare a Cost and Effectiveness Analysis or Fiscal Sustainability Plan. Under agreements between the councils of governments and WIFA, the councils of governments will be reimbursed to oversee compliance with Davis-Bacon and to provide assistance with contractor procurement. Fees will be provided to the councils of governments to defray the cost of Davis-Bacon monitoring and procurement. The SFY 2026 allocation for these activities will be \$60,000 (included as part of the \$330,000 staff technical assistance budget). Funds will be available for projects funded with a WIFA construction loan.

Professional Technical Assistance

Professional Technical Assistance includes studies, surveys and other types of reports that provide benefit to a range of wastewater systems statewide. WIFA has budgeted \$30,000 for the clean water portion of the annual Water and Wastewater Residential Rate Survey. This effort includes a survey of approximately 500 utilities, updates to the Rates Dashboard by the University of North Carolina's Environmental Finance Center, survey analysis and final report. These costs were originally planned for SFY 2025, however are now anticipated to occur in SFY 2026.

Throughout the Funding Cycle and as circumstances require, WIFA may fund additional Professional Technical Assistance projects. The Board may act to add Professional Technical Assistance projects at a public meeting of the Board.

Program Administration (4 percent plus WIFA Fees)

Section 603(d)(7) of the revised Federal Water Pollution Control Act allows the greatest of a maximum of 4 percent of all grant awards to such fund under this title, \$400,000 per year, or 1/5 percent per year of the current valuation of the fund based on the most recent audited financial statements to cover the reasonable costs of administering the fund.

WIFA will use \$1,094,200 or 4 percent of the CWSRF Base grant and BIL Supplemental Grant amounts for administrative costs. These funds will be used to pay salaries and associated expenses of program personnel devoting time to the administration of the funds.

Forgivable Principal

WIFA may provide additional subsidization in the form of forgivable principal for up to 100 percent of the loan amount, based on financial need, resolving nonpoint source pollution, and/or projects eligible under the green project reserve.

WIFA may provide a total of up to 40 percent of the Base Capitalization Grant in subsidy as principal forgiveness to projects. WIFA will provide exactly 49% of the BIL Supplemental CWSRF Grant and 100% of the BIL Emerging Contaminant Grant as principal forgiveness. Based on WIFA's current PPL and standard procedures WIFA staff would recommend approximately \$13.8 million in loan forgiveness; however, the exact amount of loan forgiveness provided per project is determined based on multiple factors including financial indicators of the applicant, the total forgivable available, and the anticipated near-term demand. See <u>WIFA Procedure III.20.1</u> and <u>Procedure III.21.1</u> for more information on how WIFA awards loan forgiveness.

Financial Terms and Requirements of Loans

- 1. All loans for the financing of projects will be for a term not to exceed 30 years from loan closing date. Loan terms are not to exceed the useful life of the project.
- 2. Terms of financial assistance to publicly-owned wastewater systems serving disadvantaged communities are addressed in Section 7.
- 3. Repayment of loan principal must begin within 12 months of project completion based on the construction schedule available at the loan closing date or actual completion date or three years from the date of the loan closing, whichever is earlier.
- 4. Design Loans are offered for a three-year term with a 1% interest only payment structure through maturity.
- 5. Loan disbursements are to be made on a cost reimbursement basis.
- 6. Contracts for financial assistance for all CWSRF treatment works projects will require the borrower to comply with Davis-Bacon wage rates.
- 7. All contracts for construction financial assistance, with the exception of nonpoint source projects, will require the borrower to comply with the Use of American Iron and Steel requirements.
- 8. Contracts for financial assistance for all CWSRF equivalency projects will require the borrower to comply with the federal A/E procurement requirement and the Build America, Buy American (BABA) Act requirement.
- 9. WIFA will assess income from the Standard Combined Interest and Fee Rate (CIFR) as either fee income or interest income (see Section 18 for more details).

Section 12: State Match Sources

WIFA non-program fee revenues will provide match for the FFY 2025 Capitalization Grants. The FFY 2025 Base Capitalization Grant requires 20% state match (\$2,143,200). The FFY 2025 BIL Supplemental Capitalization Grant requires 20% state match (\$3,327,800). The FFY 2025 BIL Emerging Contaminant Capitalization Grant does not require a state match.

Section 13: Identification of Overmatch

As of January 31, 2025, WIFA has overmatched by \$33,065,009.

Section 14: Anticipated Cash Draw Ratio (proportionality) or Statement of Match Drawdown then Federal

With the overmatch, WIFA will draw 100 percent of federal funds until the overmatch is reduced. Once the overmatch is depleted, WIFA will draw the proportional state match amount prior to drawing federal funds.

Section 15: Estimated Disbursement Schedule

First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter		
20%	35%	35%	10%		

Section 16: Identification of any Intended Transfers between Funds

WIFA currently has no planned transfers between the CWSRF and the DWSRF, however WIFA reserves the right to transfer between the funds in future based on demand.

Section 17: Identification and Explanation of any Cross Collateralization

The Authority maintains the CWSRF and DWSRF as separate and distinct programs. Revenues generated by either program will remain within that program. Any transfers between funds will be temporary in nature and done only to alleviate short-term cash shortages.

Section 18: Combined Interest and Fee Rate (CIFR)

WIFA Procedure has established a target CIFR ranging between 70 percent and 95 percent of the taxexempt AAA MMD Rate for governmental entities. CIFR/financial assistance index scores on each loan will be set pursuant to the criteria below:

- Total Points; and
- Local fiscal capacity of the area served by the system requesting assistance.

WIFA will assess income from the CIFR in accordance with the following table.

CIFR – Fee = Interest

Financial Structure	CIFR	Fee	Interest		
Governmental	Set in accordance with Section 1 of WIFA Procedure: III.3.1	1.5%	CIFR – Fee		

Section 19: Fees Charged if Applicable and Uses of Fees

As in past years, SFY 2026 fees will be used for providing match to the federal grant through loan disbursements, administration of the SRF, and technical assistance. WIFA is collecting program fees and using those for the administration of the program. WIFA is currently tracking its program income and will be reporting the revenue received and spent on its Federal Financial reports.

Section 20: Overview of Program Financial Status and Management

Arizona established and is managing the revolving loan fund to finance the cost of infrastructure improvements which will achieve or maintain compliance with the Clean Water Act requirements.

All planned and prior year loans have assisted public wastewater systems and nonpoint source projects in meeting the federal and state clean water compliance requirements. Details of Arizona's CWSRF activities supporting the National USEPA Strategic Plan will be included in the CWSRF Annual Report as well as in the EPA's SRF Data Reporting System (formerly known as Clean Water Benefit Reporting system (CBR) and the Clean Water National Information Management System (CW NIMS)); and the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA) Reporting System (equivalency projects only).

Section 21: Leveraging Plan

As a matter of practice, WIFA pays close attention to its cash position and lending capacity. This practice includes reports to the WIFA Board and Federal program Committee during regular meetings. In FY2025, WIFA issued a refunding of outstanding bonds that included a revision to the bond indenture, freeing up cash from a reserve that can be used to pay debt service during FY2026. WIFA is also forecasting a need to issue bonds for new money the beginning of Fiscal Year 2027. It is worth noting that WIFA's program leverage is cross-collateralized, so the primary consideration for this was the considerable demand for both clean water and drinking water projects. Given the current uncertainty regarding the continuation of tax-exempt financing and federal funding levels for the SRFs, WIFA is also preparing for a possible bond sale in FY2026. The decision to leverage will be based on demand on the loan fund for projects to address public health concerns, political and market conditions, and long-term impact to the financial health of the fund.

Section 22: Binding Commitment Schedule

When the Board approves an applicant's financial assistance request, WIFA staff prepares and circulates financial assistance (loan) documents to evidence the binding commitment in accordance with applicable federal and state requirements. Based on the PPL, WIFA expects to enter into binding commitments at 582 percent of the federal cap grant amount (dollars on PPL vs the federal cap grant). WIFA's process is to accept PPL applications throughout the fiscal year instead of locking the PPL at the beginning of the year. WIFA is currently in discussions with numerous borrowers on potential projects that will be added to the SFY 2026 PPL as the year progresses.

Section 23: Grant Payment Schedule

WIFA will receive all payments in the first quarter available.

Sections 24: Project Priority List and Fundable List

WIFA applies all crosscutters to all CWSRF projects, with the exception of FFATA, BABA, and the requirement of federal procurement processes for A/E contracts. Those requirements are treated on an equivalency basis. It is unknown at this time which projects will be awarded forgivable principal.

Arizona's Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List – SFY 2026 Funding Cycle

PPL Rank	Applicant	Population	County	Permit #	Project Name	Description	Project Number	Amount Requested / Probable Green Amount	Financial Assistance Index
					Pinewood Sanitary District				
	Pinewood				Treatment Plant				
	Sanitary			AZ0025	& Collections	This project will replace main lines and			
1	District	3,500	Coconino	876	System	correct above-ground sewer laterals to	CW 010		
		,			upgrades	prevent infiltration.	- 2026	\$12,000,000.00	80%*
2	^{1, 2} Tri-City Regional Sanitary District	4,014	Gila	TBD	Tri-City Regional District Sewer System phase I,II, and III	The project, at full buildout, will create a new wastewater collection and collection system infrastructure to include: 159,276+/- linear feet (LF) of gravity mains, 27,500 +/- LF of force main, 415=/- new manholes, 2,159=/- new service connections, 0.6 MGD membrane bioreactor (MBR) water reclamation facility	CW 004 - 2026	\$1,436,000.00	75%*
3	³ Colorado River Sewage System Joint Venture	3,200	La Paz	AZ0021 415	Colorado River Sewage System Facility Upgrade (Joint Venture)	This project will include essential upgrades to the wastewater reclamation facility: replacement of aging asbestos concrete pipe force mains and the rehabilitation of wastewater treatment lagoons.	CW 005 - 2026	\$33,274,000.00 / \$3,000,000	85%

PPL Rank	Applicant	Population	County	Permit #	Project Name	Description	Project Number	Amount Requested / Probable Green Amount	Financial Assistance Index
4	¹ Yavapai County Community College District	265	Yavapai	N/A	Yavapai College Chino Valley Campus Septic to Sewer Project	YCC currently has 16,000 square feet of classroom and office space tied into a septic on-site. The project would tie current buildings and future housing projects into the Town of Chino Valley Waste Water Treatment Plant, to eliminate the dumping of sewage onsite and to have a more responsible recharge plan for the captured water.	CW 007 - 2026	\$500,000.00	80%*
5	¹ City of San Luis	38,149	Yuma	, N/A	West Wastewater Treatment Plant Expansion	The City is looking to expand the wastewater treatment plant (West) because it is at 95% capacity. Through the expansion, the City will also complete minor necessary structural repairs.	CW 008 - 2026	\$26,240,000.00	80%*
6	³ City of Peoria	186,146	Maricopa	AZ0024 945	Reclaimed Water Transmission Main - Project 2	The City of Peoria intends to design and construct a new 24-inch reclaimed water transmission main that connects two of the wastewater reclamation facilities together. This will allow for additional recharge opportunities and maximizing the use of the effluent.	CW 001 - 2025	\$21,807,000.00 / \$7,026,700.00	85%

PPL Rank	Applicant	Population	County	Permit #	Project Name	Description	Project Number	Amount Requested / Probable Green Amount	Financial Assistance Index
	City of			AZS000	WestWorld	The project aims to improve drainage and flood mitigation at WestWorld by upgrading stormwater conveyance systems, managing offsite water flow, and enhancing onsite drainage within city-managed facilities. Major components include converting an undersized drainage channel along Bahia Drive into a 96-inch underground storm drain, improving WestWorld Drive's drainage channel for better flood protection, and additional drainage upgrades around the South Road, equestrian amenities, and facility	CW 011		
7	Scottsdale	249,935	Maricopa	020	Drainage	buildings.	- 2026	\$20,000,000.00	90%
	¹ Town of				Town of Pima Sewer Connection and Engineering for Expanded Wastewater Capacity and	The Town of Pima must extend its sewer system to a new high school site to support 500 students and future development. The current high school is outdated and overcrowded. The project includes a 15-inch sewer main, future infrastructure upgrades, and plans for a Water Reclamation Facility to replace lagoons and protect the Gila River. These improvements will enhance efficiency, reduce costs, and support the	CW 009		
8	Pima	2,000	Graham	N/A	Future WRF	town's growth.	- 2026	\$4,900,000.00	85%

PPL Rank	Applicant	Population	County	Permit #	Project Name	Description	Project Number	Amount Requested / Probable Green Amount	Financial Assistance Index
					Williams	The existing wastewater treatment plant			
					Wastewater	has reached its operational capacity. The			
					Treatment Plant	project will expand the wastewater			
	¹ City of			AZ0025	Expansion	treatment plant to 1.3 million gallons for	CW 003		
9	Williams	3,538	Coconino	755	Project	a total capacity of 2.3 million gallons.	- 2025	\$43,763,990.00	80%*
						Duncan's wastewater infrastructure			
						project includes rehabilitating the sewer			
						lift station with a Cured-In-Place liner,			
						addressing structural issues, and			
						enhancing flow management. These			
						steps aim to restore functionality,			
					Town of Duncan	prevent harmful discharge into the Gila			
	¹ Town of			AZ0406	Lift Station	River, and protect public health and the	CW 006		
10	Duncan	660	Greenlee	001	Repair	environment in Eastern Arizona.	- 2026	\$364,867.00	85%
						To ensure proper treatment capacity,			
						FMTUA will design and construct			
	¹ Fort					upgrades to increase plant capacity from			
	Mojave				WWTP	1.5 MGD to 3.0 MGD, utilizing surface			
	Tribal				Expansion and	aeration and then advance treatment to			
	Utilities				Rehabilitation	enhance the quality of the effluent	CW 002		
11	Authority	6,000	Mohave	36113	Design	water produced.	- 2025	\$3,900,000.00	80%*

\$168,185,857

Total:

¹ Eligible for disadvantaged community designation

² Eligible for BIL – Emerging Contaminant

³ Eligible for Green Project Reserve

⁴ Potential equivalency project

^{*}Priority Community

Arizona's Clean Water Revolving Fund Fundable Range List – SFY 2025 Funding Cycle

Fundable Range Rank	PPL Rank	Applicant	Population	County	Project Name	Project Number	Amount Requested	Financial Assistance Index
					Pinewood			
					Sanitary District			
					Treatment Plant			
					& Collections			
		Pinewood Sanitary			System	CW 010 -		
1	1	District	3,500	Coconino	upgrades	2026	\$12,000,000.00	80%*

Total: \$12,000,000

Arizona's Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List – BIL EC Funding Eligibility

PPL Rank	Applicant	Population	County	Project Name	Project Number	Amount Eligible for BIL Emerging Contaminant Grant	Financial Assistance Index
				Tri-City			
				Regional			
				District			
	^{1, 2} Tri-City			Sewer			
	Regional			System			
	Sanitary			phase I,II,			
2	District	4,014	Gila	and III	CW 004 - 2026	\$1,436,000.00	75%*

Total \$1,436,000.00