

INTENDED USE PLAN

DRINKING WATER STATE REVOLVING FUND LOAN PROGRAM And SET-ASIDE PROGRAMS FOR STATE FISCAL YEAR 2011 (JULY 1, 2010 to JUNE 30, 2011)

Approved by the Missouri Safe Drinking Water Commission June 22, 2010

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INTENDED USE PLAN STATE FISCAL YEAR 2011 DRINKING WATER STATE REVOLVING FUND LOAN PROGRAM & SET-ASIDE PROGRAMS PROGRAM APPLICATION FORMS & INSTRUCTIONS

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Part I. THE DRINKING WATER STATE REVOLVING FUND (DWSRF) PROGRAM

I. INTRODUCTION

Providing safe, clean drinking water to people served by public water systems in Missouri is an important goal of federal, state and local officials. While Missouri drinking water is among the safest in the world, the owners and operators of Missouri drinking water systems know that they must make significant infrastructure improvements to comply with new and existing federal standards in order to continue to supply safe drinking water to their customers. In 2007, the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (hereafter referred to as "the department") in coordination with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) conducted an assessment of Missouri's public water systems 20 year capital infrastructure needs. The assessment estimates that \$7.1 billion is needed to address Missouri's drinking water infrastructure needs over the next 20 years.

Many public water systems, particularly small water systems have difficulty obtaining affordable financing for the current infrastructure improvements needed. Recognizing this fact, the U.S. Congress established the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) as part of the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments (SDWA) of 1996. Federal appropriations for the DWSRF program are used primarily to fund low interest loans to public drinking water systems for high priority infrastructure projects. States are allowed to reserve up to 31 percent of the federal appropriation to fund authorized activities that support its drinking water program.

The Department's Water Protection Program (WPP) is the delegated authority for the administration of federal funds made available to the state under the provisions of the SDWA by the EPA. Through calendar year 2009 the department has awarded low interest loans and grants totaling approximately \$288 million to drinking water systems for infrastructure improvements. This DWSRF Intended Use Plan (IUP) describes the proposed use of funds reserved for financial assistance for drinking water infrastructure improvements for State Fiscal Year (SFY) 2011 (July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011).

Operation and management of the DWSRF program is directed by regulations 10 CSR 60-13.010 through 10 CSR 60-13.030.

In compliance with the requirement in SDWA sec. 1452(b)(1) to provide for public review and comment, this Intended Use Plan was placed on public notice on May 20, 2010 in draft form at www.dnr.mo.gov and a public meeting to receive comments was held on June 17, 2010, 10:00 a.m. at the Lewis and Clark State Office Building, 1101 Riverside Dr., Jefferson City, MO.

II. GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

Each year the department evaluates the operations and the financial structures of the DWSRF program to gauge the program's effectiveness. Long- and short-term objectives are proposed to improve program services and investment returns. An assessment of these objectives is included

in the programs Biannual Report. The following sections present the current strategies for program improvement.

A. Long-Term Goals (3-5 years):

Improve the operation of the DWSRF program and service to its clients.

Objective 1 Support the department's goal of ensuring that all Missouri citizens will have water that is always safe to drink.

Objective 2 Conduct year by year financial analyses of the availability and use of DWSRF funds. Evaluate the effects of different program structures on the ability of the DWSRF to provide financial assistance now and in the future.

Objective 3 Promote coordination efforts both within and outside the agency for the purpose of expediting the funding of projects.

B. Short-Term Goals (1-3 years):

Improve the immediate operations of the DWSRF and availability of services to its clients.

Objective 1 Have the DWSRF Priority Point Criteria and Readiness to Proceed Criteria updated and approved by the Missouri Safe Drinking Water Commission at least 60 days prior to the initial application receipt deadline (November 15, 2010).

Objective 2 Maximize the use of available loan funds for eligible loan projects in accordance with the priority and procedures described in this plan.

Objective 3 Revise the structure of the DWSRF loan program to allow for additional flexibility in challenging financial times. Specifically, this effort will allow for the implementation of an alternative form of leveraging if necessary.

Objective 4 Coordinate with the EPA in conducting the fifth national assessment of public drinking water systems 20 year capital infrastructure needs survey.

III. ALLOCATION OF DRINKING WATER CAPITALIZATION GRANT

This summary of financial status anticipates the award of a federal capitalization grant from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for Missouri's DWSRF program associated with Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) 2010.

The SDWA amendments of 1996 authorize funding for the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund, and Congress appropriates this funding annually. Each state and U.S. territory is eligible for a portion of this funding. Also, the SDWA authorizes EPA to use a portion of the funding for health effects studies, small system technical assistance, monitoring of unregulated

contaminants, and operator certification reimbursement grants. EPA allots the remaining funds appropriated for the DWSRF to each state based on the state's proportional share of total eligible needs reported for the most recent Drinking Water Infrastructure Needs Survey, which is conducted every four years. Currently, Missouri's allotment is 1.94 percent of these funds.

A. Capitalization Grant Allocation for Missouri's DWSRF Program

This federal appropriation will be used in the funding of DWSRF loans, grants, and authorized set aside activities for SFY 2011. The amount of the FFY 2010 capitalization grant for Missouri is expected to be \$26,234,000. The department will reserve 69 percent (\$18,101,460) of the FFY 2010 capitalization grant for DWSRF loans and grants. The department will reserve up to 31 percent (\$8,132,540) for authorized set-aside activities as described in Part II (the set-aside section) of this intended use plan. If the department does not reserve the full 31 percent for set-aside activities, the difference will be used for loans.

B. Additional Subsidization

The FFY 2010 capitalization grant requires that not less than 30 percent of the capitalization grant shall be used to provide additional subsidies. An amendment to the Missouri Safe Drinking Water Regulations effective on January 30, 2010, allows for additional subsidies in the form of principal forgiveness, negative interest loans, grants, or any combination thereof per any federal act. The Department intends to reserve 30 percent of the capitalization grant for additional subsidies in the form of grants. Therefore of the 69 percent (\$18,101,460) reserved for DWSRF loans and grants, \$10,114,885_will be reserved for DWSRF loan funds and \$7,986,575 will be reserved for DWSRF grant funds.

C. Green Project Reserve

The FFY 2010 capitalization grant requires that not less than 20 percent of the capitalization grant shall be used for projects that address green infrastructure, water or energy efficiency improvements, or other environmentally innovative activities. The Department intends to use DWSRF funds reserved for loans and/or grants in the amount of not less than 20 percent (\$5,246,800) of the capitalization grant to fund projects or portions of projects that address green infrastructure, water or energy efficiency improvements, or other environmentally innovative activities.

IV. DWSRF INFRASTRUCTURE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

A. DWSRF Loans

The main financial assistance for drinking water infrastructure improvements will be in the form of loans with a target interest rate of 30 percent of market rate. In accordance with state regulation 10 CSR 60-13.020, the interest rate shall be based on the Twenty-Five Bond Revenue Index as published in The Bond Buyer. An annual fee of 0.5 percent

of the outstanding loan balance will be charged by the Department. The loan fee shall be used to administer the DWSRF program and other related activities in accordance with federal regulations. Short-term loans will be for a one to three year period. Long-term loans will be for up to 20 years.

The maximum amount for a DWSRF loan from any single IUP shall not exceed 30 percent of the total available and anticipated loan fund or \$10 million, whichever is less, unless the Department receives approval from the Missouri Safe Drinking Water Commission (SDWC) to exceed such limits.

Construction loan repayments must begin within one year after the first operational contract is "completed", i.e. those facilities are placed into operation. The bond repayment schedules will generally consist of semi-annual interest payments, and annual principal payments. The trustee bank holds the periodic participant repayments in separate recipient accounts (repayment fund) outside the SRF. Interest earnings on these recipient accounts are credited to the debt service account and used when the payment is made to the Department of Natural Resources. These revolving funds can then be used again to support new construction projects.

The Department reserves the right to refinance, assign, pledge or leverage any loans originated through the DWSRF Loan Program.

B. Additional Subsidies

The Department is reserving \$7,986,575 of the FFY 2010 Capitalization grant to provide additional financial assistance through the use of grants. DWSRF projects will be funded through a combination of 50 percent grant and 50 percent loan with a maximum grant of \$2 million per applicant. The Department further proposes to offer an even higher percentage grant for disadvantaged communities. Per 10 CSR 60-13.020, a disadvantaged community is any community with a population of less than 3,300, whose user rates will be at or above 2 percent of the state median household income (MHI) and the recipient MHI is at or below 75 percent of the state average MHI. Projects for a disadvantaged community will be funded through a combination of 75 percent grant and 25 percent loan with a maximum grant of \$2 million per applicant.

The intent of the DWSRF program is to target, as much as possible, the additional subsidized monies to communities that could not otherwise afford an SRF loan. To meet this goal, the use of grant funds will be committed to projects using the following criteria listed in order of priority.

- 1. Projects serving disadvantaged communities on any fundable list based on priority ranking in the order of highest ranking to the lowest ranking;
- 2. Projects on the Very Small Community 20% Reserve Fundable List based on priority ranking;
- 3. Projects on the Small Community 15% Reserve Fundable List based on priority ranking; and

4. Projects on the General Community 65 percent Reserve Fundable List based on priority ranking.

Attached are lists of DWSRF projects showing the amount of assistance they could potentially receive based on this recommendation? This list demonstrates that at least 30 percent of the FFY 2010 capitalization grant for projects will be provided via grants. Any subsequent revision to this project list will likewise demonstrate that at least 30 percent of the available funding for projects will be provided via grants.

C. Green Project Reserve

The Department will reserve, not less than \$5,246,800 of the loan and/or grant funds, for projects that address green infrastructure, water or energy efficiency improvements, or other environmentally innovative activities. Department staff will work directly with DWSRF applicants to identify project and/or components of projects that address green infrastructure, water or energy efficiency improvements, or other environmentally innovative activities. To demonstrate this commitment, the fundable list contained in Attachment A (Missouri Fundable Projects for DWSRF Loans for SFY 2011) designates the amount of each fundable project that meets the green project reserve criteria per EPA's guidance as well as identifies the type of green documentation. Approved business cases for non-categorical project will be posted to the Financial Assistance Center's web site.

During the screening of applications and engineering review process, green projects and components of projects were identified per EPA's guidance. Green documentation will be provided to EPA for approval if required.

D. Solicitation of DWSRF Loan Applications for SFY 2011

The application process was open to all eligible systems (all community public water systems and not for profit noncommunity public water systems not owned by the federal government). The Missouri Safe Drinking Water Regulations require the Department to have the application package for loans available to the public at least 60 days prior to the deadline for receipt of applications. The application package consists of the application form, Priority Point Criteria and Readiness to Proceed Criteria. The Priority Point Criteria describes the criteria that the department uses to prioritize loan applications. The Readiness to Proceed Criteria describes the minimum criteria that an applicant must meet to be eligible to be placed on the fundable list. Both the Priority Point Criteria and Readiness to Proceed Criteria were advertised for public comments and a public meeting was held on the proposed criteria. On September 2, 2009 the SDWC approved both criteria. Subsequently the Department made the DWSRF application package available to the public with an initial application receipt deadline of November 16, 2009. Applications received by the initial deadline that met "Readiness to Proceed" received priority for funding over those received after the deadline. The Department issued a notice informing the public of the availability of DWSRF loan applications. Individual

notifications were sent to all city water systems and water districts, as well as engineering firms, in Missouri.

All applications were first reviewed to determine if the proposed projects were eligible and if the applicant met the financial requirements of the DWSRF loan program. Using the Priority Point Criteria and Readiness to Proceed Criteria approved by the SDWC, the Department evaluated each application to assign priority points and determine if the applicant met the Readiness to Proceed criteria.

E. Assistance to Small Communities

Missouri law requires that at least 35 percent of the of the monies credited to the DWSRF program shall be made available to eligible water systems serving fewer than 10,000 people. (This is greater than the 15 percent minimum federal requirement for water systems serving fewer than 10,000 people.) Of the 35 percent, 20 percent is for systems serving 3,300 or fewer people, and 15 percent is for systems serving from 3,301 to 9,999 people.

To demonstrate this commitment, the fundable list contained in Attachment A (Missouri Fundable Projects for Drinking Water State Revolving Loans for State Fiscal Year 2011) has three parts, the Very Small Community 20 percent Reserve, Small Community 15 percent Reserve and the General 65 percent Reserve. The General 65 percent Reserve is not restricted to systems of a certain population.

F. Priority System

The Department prioritized new loan projects received in SFY 2010 using the Priority Point Criteria, approved by the SDWC on September 2, 2009, after a period of public review. In addition, the FFY 2010 capitalization grant requires that not less than 20% of assistance provided is for green type projects including green infrastructure, energy or water efficiency, and environmentally innovative activities. Projects which contain at least 20% green components will receive an additional 20 priority points.

Projects carried over from the SFY 2010 IUP retain the points they received under the criteria in effect at the time unless they reapplied for consideration under the criteria on November 16, 2009. The Department assigns priority points based on the overall project. The table entitled "Comprehensive List" in Attachment A, lists all the new and carry over DWSRF loan projects from highest to lowest priority.

G. Readiness to Proceed

In order to assure the best use of available DWSRF loan funds in a reasonably expeditious manner, the Department will not commit available funds to a project until an applicant has demonstrated a "Readiness to Proceed" in accordance with the Readiness to Proceed Criteria in Attachment C. Readiness to Proceed is defined as the condition when an applicant has submitted to the Department a complete facility plan for approval and

has established an acceptable debt instrument for their proposed project. Those projects that meet Readiness to Proceed will be placed on the fundable list or fundable contingency list as described in Subparagraphs IV.H.1. and 2. Projects that do not meet Readiness to Proceed will be placed on a planning list as described in Subparagraph IV.H.3.

H. Ranking of DWSRF Loan Projects

Projects that the Department has committed to finance with available state revolving loan funds under this IUP are listed in Attachment A, "Missouri's Comprehensive List and Fundable Projects List for Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loans for State Fiscal Year 2011." The Department, after appropriate public notice and with the approval of the SDWC, may modify or change the fundable list in order to maximize the use of uncommitted available funds or to bypass projects that do not make satisfactory progress toward meeting requirements for assistance. Only those applicants on the fundable list may receive loans under this plan (except in the case of a bypass or amendment as described elsewhere in the plan). The criteria for each list are defined as follows.

1. Fundable List

Carry-over projects from last year's intended use plan and new projects received this year that meet the criteria for "Readiness to Proceed" will be placed on the appropriate fundable list in order of priority ranking. Projects that were on the fundable list on the SFY 2010 IUP will remain on the fundable list regardless of their priority ranking as carry-over projects. The Department will reserve the requested funding for these projects for the remainder of the project application period (unless bypassed for failure to proceed).

2. Fundable Contingency List

These are eligible projects that meet "Readiness to Proceed", but, due to priority ranking or timing, there is no funding available for the projects. Projects will be ranked on the list in accordance with their priority points. If uncommitted funds become available, the Department, with SDWC approval, will move the highest-ranking project from this list to the fundable list.

3. Planning List

Eligible DWSRF applications that do not meet "Readiness to Proceed" will be placed on the planning list and be ranked according to their priority points. Any application on this list that meets the "Readiness to Proceed" at least five working days prior to the next SDWC meeting, with the approval of the SDWC, will be moved to the fundable or fundable contingency list depending on availability of uncommitted funds and their priority points.

I. Modifications

After the SDWC adopts this intended use plan, the SDWC may modify the lists or redistribute the available DWSRF funds in accordance with the paragraphs below. The SDWC may only take this action after providing notice to those projects directly affected.

The SDWC may use an uncommitted balance to modify the funding of a project or to fund a project on the contingency list based on project priority and "Readiness to Proceed". It may also designate phased projects, which will receive 100 priority points in the next plan in addition to the regular priority. Phased projects that do not receive complete funding in the two-year eligibility period must submit a new application for the remainder of the project and re-compete. The Department will review substitutions or changes in scope as a new application.

The SDWC may bypass projects on the fundable list that do not make satisfactory progress toward meeting requirements for assistance. Rules governing bypass procedures appear in 10 CSR 60-13.020(3)(A).

1. Inadequate Allocations

If the actual federal DWSRF allocations are less than the allocations anticipated by the SDWC in the development of the DWSRF priority lists, or if previous allocations are reduced, the commission may find it necessary to reduce their commitments to projects on the priority lists. The SDWC may take formal action to reduce the number of commitments in accordance with subparagraphs a through c of this paragraph.

- a. The SDWC may reduce the funds allocated to each purpose as described in Section III.
- b. The SDWC may remove the lowest priority projects from the fundable priority lists, placing these projects on the fundable contingency list in a position dictated by their priority relative to other projects on the contingency fundable list.
- c. The SDWC may bypass projects on the fundable lists in accordance with paragraph IV.J. of this document.

2. Unanticipated and Uncommitted Funds

If unanticipated or uncommitted funds become available, the SDWC may take formal action to distribute them in accordance with subparagraphs a and b of this paragraph.

- a. The SDWC may use the unanticipated or uncommitted funds to move the highest priority project(s) from the contingency fundable list to the fundable list.
- b. The SDWC may use the unanticipated or uncommitted funds to increase the amount of funds allocated to the various purposes as shown on Table 2 of the IUP for DWSRF Set-aside programs.
- c. The SDWC may increase the amount of funds allocated to projects on the fundable lists or to provide increased assistance to projects which have already received assistance.

J. Bypass Procedures

The Department may bypass any project on the fundable list that does not make satisfactory progress toward meeting DWSRF loan requirements. Procedures for bypassing projects are contained in 10 CSR 60-13.020(3)(A). Carryover projects may be automatically bypassed if they do not have all documents submitted and approved on or before February 1, 2011. Recovered funds will be immediately available for contingency projects in accordance with paragraph IV.I.

K. Assistance for Disaster Relief

The Department may provide financial assistance to projects that address direct or indirect damage to a drinking water system in a declared disaster area. Funding is available under the DWSRF loan and Drinking Water State Direct Loan Program for disaster related projects. Assistance may include reducing the interest liability of the recipient. The Department may also provide these projects with advanced authority to construct in accordance with 10 CSR 60-13.030(4). These projects may be given preferential priority ranking when determining the use of uncommitted DWSRF loan funds and Drinking Water State Direct Loan funds.

L. Transfer of Loan Funds from the DWSRF to the CWSRF

Section 302 of the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996 authorized the transfer of funds between the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund and the Clean Water State Revolving Fund. In SFY 2001 the Department, with the approval of the Safe Drinking Water Commission and the Clean Water Commission, transferred \$10,475,000 from the CWSRF to the DWSRF. The transfer was made to off set the anticipation of excessive demand for DWSRF loan funds with a portion of the large, unobligated loan fund balance in the CWSRF at the time.

For SFY 2011, there appears to be unprecedented demand for loans through the CWSRF. As a result, the Department is proposing to transfer \$10,475,000 from the DWSRF's repayment funds to the CWSRF to repay the previous transfer of funds and to help meet

the demand for CWSRF loans. The Department, with prior approval from the SDWC and the CWC, reserves the right to make additional transfers in the future.

M. Estimation of Available DWSRF Loan Funds

The Department expects to have approximately \$55.5 million in loan funds and \$7,986,575 in grant funds available in resources for financing during SFY 2011. The loan funds estimate includes carry-over funds from previous years, repayments, interest earnings on investments of DWSRF resources and 69 percent of the estimated federal capitalization grant for FFY 2010. Table 1 shows the total amount of the Project Loan Funds available for loans in this IUP as of December 31, 2009. EPA will withhold \$100,000 from the FFY 2010 Capitalization Grant to fund an annual independent audit of the Missouri's DWSRF program.

Table 1.

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STATE FISCAL 2011 INTENDENTED USE PLAN SOURCE AND DISTRIBUTION OF LOAN AND GRANT FUNDS								
As of December 31, 2009								
Description	Current	Anticipated	Balance					
Capitalization Grant Funds								
FFY2006	\$ 1,464,075							
FFY2007	\$ 12,565,938							
FFY2008	\$ 11,703,840							
FFY2009	\$ 11,703,840							
FFY2010		\$ 18,101,460						
Total Capitalization Grant Funds	\$ 37,437,693	\$ 18,101,460	\$ 55,539,153					
Repayment Funds	\$ 12,766,364	\$ 844,014	\$ 13,610,378					
Reserve Receivable		\$ 7,485,789	\$ 7,485,789					
Direct Loans, P&I Repayment		\$ 380,617	\$ 380,617					
Total Funds Available	\$ 50,204,057	\$ 26,811,880	\$ 77,015,937					
Loan Commitments	(\$ 6,364,203)		(\$ 6,364,203)					
Transfer to ARRA Program	(\$1,359,370)		(\$ 1,359,370)					
Grants		(\$ 7,986,575)	(\$ 7,986,575)					
Transfer to CWSRF		(\$10,475,000)	(\$10,475,000)					
Independent Audit		(\$ 100,000)	(\$ 100,000)					
Total Estimated Funds	\$42,480,484	\$8,250,305	\$ 50,730,789					

N. Solicitation of DWSRF Loan Applications for SFY 2012

In SFY 2011 the department will solicit loan applications for DWSRF loan funds available in SFY 2012. The process that will be used for solicitation and review of the applications will follow the same process and procedures described in this plan. Attachment C contains the loan application package for SFY 2012. The package includes the application form and instructions, Priority Point Criteria and Readiness to Proceed Criteria. The initial application receipt deadline for SFY 2012 applications is November 15, 2010. Applications received by November 15, 2010, that meet Readiness to Proceed Criteria, will receive priority for funding over those received after that date.

Carryover projects in the SFY 2011 IUP are not eligible to compete for SFY 2012 funding unless reapplication is made by November 15, 2010.

V. DESCRIPTION OF THE LOAN PROGRAMS

A. Construction Loan

The borrower receives a net long-term interest rate of 70 percent below the rate the borrower would receive on the open market at the time of the loan closing. Construction loan repayments must begin within one year after the first operational contract is "completed", i.e. those facilities are placed into operation. The repayment schedules will generally consist of semi-annual interest payments, and annual principal payments. The trustee bank holds the periodic participant repayments in separate recipient accounts (repayment fund) outside the SRF.

B. Loan Fee

The Department of Natural Resources will charge an annual loan fee that is calculated as 0.5 percent on the outstanding loan balance. The recipient will pay the loan fees to the Department.

C. Cross-Collateralization of Funds

The Departments of Veteran Affairs and Housing and Urban Development, and the Independent Agencies Appropriations Act, 1998 (Public Law 105-65) authorized limited cross-collateralization between the DWSRF and the CWSRF. Cross-collateralization allows states to use CWSRF funds as security for bonds issued to finance DWSRF projects and vice versa. The cross-collateralization of the two funds may enhance the lending capacity of one or both SRFs. State statute 644.122 RSMO provides the state's legal authority to implement cross-collateralization.

Since only uncommitted repayment funds will be used to remedy defaults (if any) there will be no significant impacts to the short or long-term goals of the program.

D. State Match

Of the EIERA bonds sold to generate 100 percent of the project cost, an appropriate percentage is clearly identified as state match. The remaining amounts are referred to as leveraged bonds. At the time of a debt service payment, all interest earnings are first used toward the match bond debt service. Any remaining earning are used to pay debt service on leveraged bonds.

VI. Additional Recipient Provisions

A. Prevailing Wage Rates:

Davis-Bacon Act Requirements:

In accordance with P.L. 111-88, the Federal Fiscal Year 2010 Interior and Environmental Appropriation Act, projects receiving financial assistance on or after October 30, 2009 and before October 1, 2010, the requirements of section 1450(e) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j-9(e)) shall apply to any construction project carried out in whole or in part with assistance made available by drinking water state revolving funds as authorized by section 1452 of that Act (42 U.S.C. 300j-12). This provision implements the requirements of the Davis Bacon Act. All laborers and mechanics employed by contractors and sub contractors on projects funded directly by or assisted in whole or in part by and through the Federal Government pursuant to this Act shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on projects of a character similar in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with subchapter IV of Chapter 31 of title 40, United States Code. With respect to the labor standards specified in this section, the Secretary of Labor shall have the authority and functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (64 Stat.1267; 5 U.S.C.App.) and section 3145 of title 40, United States Code.

The Department will not supply wage rates for the projects. It will be the responsibility of each recipient to obtain the correct wage rates and to maintain compliance with them throughout the project.

Missouri Department of Labor and Industrial Relations Requirements:

In accordance with Chapter 290 RSMo., projects receiving financial assistance for any construction project carried out in whole or in part with assistance made available through the DWSRF, must comply with the requirements of the Missouri Department of Labor and Industrial Relations.

The Department will not supply annual wage orders (wage determinations) for the projects. It will be the responsibility of each recipient to obtain the correct wage orders and to maintain compliance with them throughout the project.

B. Grant Requirements

The regulations at 40 CFR Part 31 apply to grants and cooperative agreements awarded to State and local (including tribal) governments. The regulations at 40 CFR Part 30 apply to grants with nonprofit organizations and with non-governmental for-profit entities. Note that the latter grants cannot be made with DWSRF funds except to eligible public water systems.

Part II. DWSRF SET-ASIDES

Section 1452 of the SDWA establishes the DWSRF. The DWSRF is more than a loan program. Federal appropriations for the DWSRF program are used primarily to fund low interest loans to public drinking water systems for high priority infrastructure projects. However, states are allowed to reserve up to 31 percent of the federal appropriation to fund authorized activities that support public drinking water activities.

Activities supported by the Set-Asides include supplemental funding to support the state primacy program, capacity development, wellhead protection, operator certification, and providing technical and financial assistance to public water systems. Set-aside activities are implemented and managed by the Public Drinking Water Branch (PDWB).

The purpose of this section of the DWSRF IUP is to indicate how the Department intends to utilize the Set-Asides that will be available from the FFY 2010 capitalization grant.

A. Distribution of Set-Aside Funds

The Department intends to reserve 31 percent of the FFY 2010 capitalization grant for Set-Asides and will deposit those funds in a separate account. Table 2 shows the intended distribution of these Set-Asides.

Table 2. Distribution of Set-Aside Funds

Set-Aside Activities	% Cap. Grant	Amount
DWSRF Administration and Technical Assistance	4%	\$1,049,360.00
Small System Technical Assistance	2%	\$524,680.00
PWSS State Program Management	10%	\$2,623,400.00
Local Assistance and Other State Programs	15%	\$3,935,100.00
Total	31%	\$8,132,540.00

The Department reserves the right to bank unused Set-Asides from the anticipated FFY 2010 capitalization grant for future Set-Aside expenditures.

B. Description of Set-Aside Activities

1. DWSRF Administration and Technical Assistance

This Set-Aside provides funding to administer the programs established under section 1452 of the SDWA and to provide technical assistance to public water systems. A state can reserve a maximum of 4 percent of the capitalization grant for these purposes.

The Department is reserving the entire 4 percent available under this Set-Aside. The Department will use this funding for salaries and associated expenses of program personnel to administer the DWSRF loan program, including: assistance to loan applicants and loan recipients, project review and approval, assistance with the needs survey, project prioritization, loan issuance, payment and accounting activities, tracking repayments and project inspections. In addition, the Department will use the set-aside for equipment and training staff. The Department may also use a portion of this funding to contract for assistance to help loan applicants and potential applicants with rate setting and other similar hurdles related to meeting loan eligibility criteria.

The Department currently does not anticipate using this Set-Aside to administer the other programs established under the DWSRF or for technical assistance to public water systems.

2. Small Systems Technical Assistance

This Set-Aside is limited to providing technical assistance to public water systems that serve 10,000 or fewer people. PDWB intends to continue using this Set-Aside to assist small public water systems in locating and obtaining funding for infrastructure improvements, complying with existing and near-term SDWA requirements, obtaining engineering reports, and other technical assistance activities that will enhance capacity and improve compliance with safe drinking water requirements. The Department will provide technical assistance using staff and contract services.

The Department is taking the full 2 percent allowed for this Set-Aside. If the Department does not use the entire authorized amount, it will bank the balance and use it for technical assistance to small systems in future years.

3. Public Water System Supervision (PWSS)

Under the SDWA this Set-aside can be used for:

- a. primacy program support,
- administering or providing technical assistance through source water protection programs,

- c. developing and implementing a capacity development strategy, and
- d. operator certification.

The Department has used and intends to continue using this Set-Aside for these authorized activities.

This Set-Aside requires a 1:1 state match that is in addition to the state match required to receive the DWSRF capitalization grant. The Department is meeting this additional match requirement through primacy fee funds.

Examples of the activities funded by this Set-aside include inspections and sanitary surveys, technical assistance, research into emerging contaminants, contract lab support, capacity development strategy development and implementation, and source water protection plan review and approval.

The Department intends to take the full 10 percent allowed for this Set-Aside. If the Department does not use the entire authorized amount of this set-aside, it will bank the balance and use it for eligible activities in future years.

 Local Assistance and Other Programs Authorized by Section 1452(k) of the SDWA

The SDWA allows states to set aside up to 15 percent of the capitalization grant for activities to:

- Provide loans to community water systems and nonprofit noncommunity water systems to acquire land or conservation easements for source water protection;
- Provide loans to community water systems to implement local, voluntary source water protection measures or for development and implementation of source water quality partnership recommendations;
- Provide assistance, including technical and financial assistance, to any public water system as part of a capacity development strategy; and
- Make expenditures for the establishment and implementation of wellhead protection programs under the section 1428 of the SDWA.

No more than ten percent of this Set-aside can be used for any one of the above activities.

The Department has considered establishing a source water protection loan program but has not done so. None of this capitalization grant will be set aside for those source water protection loans. The Department reserves the right to amend the IUP for such purposes in the future if deemed necessary.

The Department intends to use this Set-aside to provide technical and financial assistance to public water systems as part of the capacity development strategy

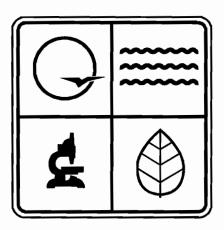
and for wellhead protection. The Department is setting aside 15 percent of the FFY 2010 capitalization grant for these purposes. Excess funds that are not encumbered in a timely manner, at the sole discretion of the department, may be transferred to the loan program.

The types of activities the Department may fund with this Set-Aside include, for example:

- Assistance to public water systems for establishment and implementation of wellhead protection plans;
- Plugging of abandoned drinking water wells;
- Assistance to public water systems with engineering and facility plans;
- Develop and provide standard engineering drawing for noncomunity water systems
- Assisting systems with determining cost-effective options for meeting MCLs, such as identifying water-bearing geologic zones that add radionuclides to the water and identify probable remediation measures;
- Subsurface modeling of geologic units for more refined susceptibility and sensitivity assessments of chemical and microbiological contamination;
- Developing models of well spacing and firm yield during extreme climatic conditions;
- Assembling information from well drilling cuttings and pump tests to determine well casing integrity and the efficacy of grouting methods for protecting groundwater and extending well life; and
- Updating contaminant site inventories to include new public wells and new or emerging contaminants;
- Education and outreach materials on water system capacity and wellhead protection;
- Source water protection as part of the capacity development strategy;
- Assistance to public water systems with development of regional solutions to solve capacity issues;
- Technical and financial assistance to water systems to evaluate unaccounted for water loss; and
- Other activities as appropriate to implement the capacity development strategy or promote wellhead protection.

Missouri's Comprehensive List and Fundable Project Lists for Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loans for State Fiscal Year 2011

Approved by the Missouri Safe Drinking Water Commission on June 22, 2010



Prepared by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources, Water Protection Program

			COMPREHENSIV	E LIST			
		Priority Points	Applicant	SRF#	Population Served	Loan I	Request
*		110	Bucklin	DW291288-01	524	\$	684,500
*		105	Chariton-Linn PWSD #3	DW291250-01	9,500	-\$	102,100
*		104	Bronaugh	DW291248-01	245	\$	613,616
*		102	Meadville	DW291243-01	457	\$ 1	,108,000
*		100	Archie	DW291142-02	890	\$ 2	,082,351
*	X	96	Sikeston	DW291188-01	16,992	\$ 15	,000,000
		95	Osage Co. PWSD #3	DW291216-01	1,350	\$ 1	,392,565
		88	Jefferson County Water Authority	DW291310-01	6,256	\$ 1	,270,608
*		87	Raintree Plantation	DW291291-01	2,240	\$	75,508
*		85	Howard Co. Regional Water Commission	DW291307-01	5,500	\$ 10	,478,600
*		85	Gallatin	DW291240-01	3,100	\$ 3	,750,000
*		83	Lincoln Co. PWSD #1	DW291244-01	4,370	\$ 6	,658,000
*		80	McDonald County PWSD #3	DW291252-01	650	\$	323,245
*		75	Rogersville	DW291276-01	3,047	\$ 1	,276,891
*		75	West Plains	DW291286-01	10,866	\$ 3	,885,160
		75	Cass Co. PWSD #10	DW291249-02	2,610	\$ 1	,231,000
*		73	New Madrid	DW291211-01	4,000	\$ 7	,156,000
*	X	70	Clarksburg	DW291234-01	390		680,000
*		67	Chillicothe - High Service Pumps	DW291251-01	13,141		80,000
*		66	Jackson	DW291192-02	13,514	\$ 14	,826,000
7		66	Platte Co. PWSD #3	DW291315-01	1,200	\$ 2	,153,241
\dashv		65	Adrian	DW291245-02	1,725		520,000
*		64	Linn	DW291162-02	1,430	\$ 2	,000,000
*		63	Poplar Bluff	DW291204-02	16,651	\$ 2	,221,000
7		62	Belton	DW291314-01	10,574	\$ 6	,096,570
*		60	Creighton	DW291257-01	300	\$ 1	,396,000
*		59	Walnut Grove	DW291285-01	630	\$	271,714
*		58	Kansas City - Renovation of Filter Galleries A&B	DW291264-14	650,000	\$ 15	,750,000
*		55	Cameron	DW291193-02	18,000	\$ 10	,550,000
*		55	Ralls County PWSD #1	DW291275-01	6,500	\$ 1	,351,560
*		55	Hawk Point	DW291299-01	324	\$ 1	,481,011
\dagger		55	Cass County PWSD #11	DW291313-01	2,560	\$ 1	,446,000
*		54	Clark Co. #1	DW291301-01	6,800		,308,924
*		54	Barnett	DW291294-01	281	\$	388,123
*		53	Jefferson County Consolidated PWSD #1	DW291256-01	31,795	\$ 5	,242,000
*		52	Andrew County PWSD #3	DW291246-01	1,031		707,008
*		50	Fairfax	DW291295-01	645		876,993
*		50	Chilhowee	DW291233-01	329		750,000

*	49	Hillsboro	DW291261-01	1,675	\$ 4,975,000
*	49	Boone County #9 – Tank	DW291247-02	11,100	\$ 106,576
*	48	Tri State Utilities	DW291298-01	8,600	\$ 2,915,260
*	47	Columbia - New Alluvial Well #16	DW291014-15	101,413	\$ 315,000
*	45	Martinsburg	DW291241-01	326	\$ 665,000
*	45	Peculiar	DW291272-01	4,700	\$ 2,717,000
	45	Laurie	DW291312-01	329	\$ 306,915
*	44	St. Charles County PWSD #2	DW291279-01	90,000	\$ 1,052,248
*	44	Whitewater/Allenville	DW291287-01	217	\$ 272,000
*	43	Kansas City - Blue Ridge Improvements	DW291264-04	650,000	\$ 2,610,000
*	43	Henry County PWSD #3	DW291260-01	6,880	\$ 831,375
<u> </u>	43	Dent County PWSD #1	DW291309-01	980	\$ 1,000,000
*	42	Columbia – Hiller Rd 16" Loop	DW291014-05	101,413	\$ 3,265,000
*	41	Webb City	DW291269-01	9,812	\$ 486,481
*	40	Ash Grove	DW291237-01	1,500	\$ 2,000,000
	40	Neosho	DW291308-01	10,505	\$ 9,500,000
	40	Walker	DW291311-01	145	\$ 596,400
*	39	Boone County PWSD #9 - Booster Pump Station	DW291247-01	11,100	\$ 50,375
*	39	Boone County PWSD #9 – Well	DW291247-03	11,100	\$ 50,187
*	38	Kansas City - Water Main Break Repair	DW291264-18	650,000	\$ 1,241,150
*	38	Kansas City – 24" Main Emanual Cleaver	DW291264-01	650,000	\$ 654,050
*	38	Kansas City – Arrowhead TM – Phase 2	DW291264-03	650,000	\$ 16,065,940
*	38	Kansas City - Troost Ave. Water Main Relocation	DW291264-16	650,000	\$ 1,153,600
*	38	Kansas City - Railroad Bridge Replacement	DW291264-13	650,000	\$ 1,225,700
*	38	Kansas City – Maplewood Parkway	DW291264-11	650,000	\$ 2,531,108
*	38	Kansas City - Botts Road/ NNSA Federal Complex	DW291264-06	650,000	\$ 13,081,000
*	38	Kansas City - I-435 & Front St. TM Relocation	DW291264-10	650,000	\$ 249,260
*	38	Kansas City - Water Main Replacements	DW291264-19	650,000	\$ 10,886,624
*	38	Kansas City – Waukomis Pump Station	DW291264-20	650,000	\$ 2,595,600
*	38	Kansas City – 72-inch Supply Pipeline Phase 1	DW291264-02	650,000	\$ 8,214,250
*	38	Kansas City - Water Facility Intake Valve/Electrical	DW291264-17	650,000	\$ 6,410,000
*	37	Columbia – Hilldale	DW291014-06	101,413	\$ 1,240,000
*	37	Columbia – 24" Main South Section	DW291014-02	101,413	\$ 6,700,000
*	37	Columbia – 24" Main North Section	DW291014-03	101,413	\$ 4,495,000
*	37	Columbia – Route PP 12" Main	DW291014-04	101,413	\$ 2,340,000
*	37	Kansas City – New North Pump & Piping	DW291264-12	650,000	\$ 2,278,300
*	36	Audrain County #2	DW291304-01	2,500	\$ 513,146
*	35	Shelbyville	DW291297-01	664	\$ 337,526
*	35	Shelbina	DW291305-01	1,943	\$ 1,040,901
*	35	Stockton	DW291282-01	1,960	\$ 1,882,018

*		34	Warsaw	DW291293-01	2,075	\$ 2,831,470
*		34	Jackson County PWSD #2	DW291262-01	15,000	\$ 3,649,000
*	┪	33	Desloge	DW291258-01	6,105	\$ 6,043,372
*		33	Monett	DW291303-01	8,835	\$ 2,934,985
*		32	St. Louis - Chain of Rocks WTP	DW291280-03	341,381	\$ 599,460
*	┪	32	Columbia - Old Mill Creek RD Looping	DW291014-07	101,413	\$ 450,000
*		31	Cassville	DW291300-01	2,890	\$ 26,850
* 2	X	30	Crestwood West PWSD #2 (Barry Co. PWSD #2)	DW291228-01	182	\$ 400,000
*	\neg	30	Concordia	DW291255-01	2,360	\$ 1,747,500
*		28	Kansas City - Small Mains	DW291264-15	650,000	\$ 9,549,130
*		28	Jackson County PWSD #1	DW291289-01	25,000	\$ 1,502,821
*		28	Thomas Hill PWSD #1	DW291284-01	3,750	\$ 2,050,746
*		28	Kansas City - Elevated Tank Painting/Repair	DW291264-08	650,000	\$ 2,090,000
*		28	Chillicothe – Well	DW291251-03	13,141	\$ 124,000
*		28	Sparta	DW291277-01	1,600	\$ 997,780
*		28	Pleasant Hill	DW291274-01	7,500	\$ 250,922
*	╗	27	St. Louis - Central City Phase 1	DW291280-01	341,381	\$ 548,300
*		27	St. Louis – Hampton Avenue	DW291280-05	341,381	\$ 2,168,150
*	\neg	27	St. Louis - North City Phase 1	DW291280-09	341,381	\$ 1,024,000
*		27	St. Louis - South City Phase 1	DW291280-10	341,381	\$ 669,200
*		27	Jefferson County PWSD #1	DW291263-01	20,000	\$ 180,250
*		27	Kansas City - Blue Ridge PS Security/Electrical Impr.	DW291264-05	650,000	\$ 779,710
*		27	Kansas City - Emergency Electric Power Generation	DW291264-09	650,000	\$ 2,941,670
*		27	St. Louis - Stacy Park Reservoir	DW291280-11	341,381	\$ 1,271,100
*		27	Chillicothe – Metering	DW291251-02	13,141	\$ 987,500
*		25	Village of Diggins	DW291253-01	298	\$ 42,200
*		25	South Greenfield	DW291292-01	160	\$ 75,400
*		25	Paris (Refinance)	DW291159-02	1,529	\$ 900,000
*		24	Nixa – Elevated tank Rehabilitation	DW291271-02	18,000	\$ 1,900,680
*		22	Columbia - Loop Closures Intersections	DW291014-10	101,413	\$ 592,000
*		22	Platte City	DW291221-02	4,907	\$ 956,000
*		22	Cass County PWSD #10	DW291249-01	2,070	\$ 349,582
		22	Stockton	DW291282-02	1,960	\$ 649,473
*		21	Cass County PWSD #4	DW291307-01	1,500	\$ 158,188
*		19	Leadwood	DW291296-01	1,247	\$ 904,700
*		19	Nixa - Distribution	DW291271-01	18,000	\$ 428,896
*		19	Lexington	DW291057-01	4,435	\$ 12,921,000
		19	Jackson PWSD #2	DW291262-02	6,700	\$ 905,100
*		17	Columbia – Broadway 8" Main	DW291014-09	101,413	\$ 730,000
*		17	Columbia – Bus I-70 12" Loop	DW291014-08	101,413	\$ 1,855,500

*	17	Columbia - Main Replacement	DW291014-12	101,413	\$ 1,532,500
*	17	Columbia - Main Replacement Schools	DW291014-13	101,413	\$ 1,307,800
*	17	Kansas City - East Bottoms Pump Station	DW291264-07	650,000	\$ 1,194,800
*	17	St. Louis - Howard Bend Engine House Improvements	DW291280-08	341,381	\$ 416,600
*	17	St. Louis – Howard Bend Boiler House Improvements	DW291280-07	341,381	\$ 160,800
*	17	St. Louis - Chain of Rocks Water Filter Plant	DW291280-02	341,381	\$ 393,100
*	17	St. Louis - Downtown Broadway and Arenal	DW291280-04	341,381	\$ 2,507,000
*	17	St. Louis - Historic Water Tower Repairs	DW291280-06	341,381	\$ 617,500
*	17	Columbia – Backup Power Generator	DW291014-14	101,413	\$ 500,000
*	16	Kirkwood	DW291266-01	27,324	\$ 2,058,455
*	14	Missouri American St. Louis	DW291270-01	1,200,000	\$ 5,760,000
*	14	Springfield - Distribution Phase I	DW291278-02	154,777	\$ 820,000
*	14	Springfield - Distribution Phase 2	DW291278-03	154,777	\$ 8,696,000
*	14	Springfield – WTP Phase 2	DW291278-01	154,777	\$ 1,218,865
*	13	Gladstone	DW291259-01	26,384	\$ 15,000,000
*	12	Columbia - Loop Closures Residential Neighborhoods	DW291014-11	101,413	\$ 458,900
*	11	Buckner	DW291238-01	2,784	\$ 4,743,000
*	7	Columbia - Treatment Plant Transformer/Switchgear	DW291014-16	101,413	\$ 160,000
*	5	Liberty - Raw Water Well/Lime Storage Silo	DW291268-01	28,303	\$ 1,435,000
*	4	Springfield – Stockton PS Modifications Phase 1	DW291278-04	154,777	\$ 1,745,000
*	4	Springfield – Stockton PS Modifications Phase 2	DW291278-05	154,777	\$ 11,255,000
*	4	Lee's Summit	DW291267-01	92,000	\$ 1,751,000
+				Total	\$378,952,233

^{*}Carried over from last IUP X Fundable in the last IUP

DISTRIBUTION OF AVAILABLE LOAN FUNDS

From table 2 of Section V.I, the total estimated funds available for DWSRF loans for SFY 2011 is \$50,730,789. Missouri law requires that twenty (20) percent and fifteen (15) percent of available funds shall be made available to water systems serving populations of 3,300 or less (designated as very small communities) and water systems serving populations of 3,301 to 9,999 (designated as small communities respectively). The remaining sixty five (65) percent (designated for general community) is not restricted by population served.

Table 3 Distribution of Available Funds

	Loan	Grant
Very small community (20%)	\$ 10,146,158	\$7,986,575
Small Community (15%)	\$ 7,609,618	\$0
General Community (65%)	\$ 32,975,013	0\$
Total Available Funds	\$ 50,730,789	\$7,986,575

VERY SMALL COMMUNITY 20% RESERVE FUNDABLE LIST (Systems that serve a population of 3,300 or less)

FUNDS AVAILABLE

Grant \$7,986,575 \$1,838,293 \$0 Loan \$10,146,158 \$0 \$869,634 Transfer to 15% Reserve_______Transfer to 65% Reserve_______ Available from 20% Reserve

TOTAL AVAILABLE FROM RESERVES: Loan \$9,276,524 Grant \$6,148,282

		*	**		*			*		*	*	*
		ڻ	,		G			Ð		Ð		Ð
Priority	Points	107	701	95	70	99	65	64	55	50	49	30
	Applicant	Meadville	A TORGET WILL	Osage Co. PWSD #3	Clarksburg	Platte Co. PWSD #3	Adrian	Linn	Cass Co. PWSD #11	Chilhowee	Hillsboro	Crestwood West
	DWSRF#	DW291243-01	10 017177117	DW291216-01	DW291234-01	DW291315-01	DW291245-02	DW291162-04	DW291313-01	DW291233-01	DW291261-01	DW291228-01
	Pop.	457	()	1,350	390	1,200	1,725	1,430	2,560	329	1,675	182
Description /	Needs	Dis, Source,	TP	Source, Stor	Stor, Dis	Dis	TP	Source, Stor, Dis	Dis	Dis, Stor	Dis, Stor, Source	Dis
Problem	Code	"	1	3	3	3	3	ε	3	3	3	3
	Amount Requested	\$1 108 000	41,109,000	\$1,392,565	000'089\$	\$2,153,241	\$520,000	\$2,000,000	\$1,446,000	\$750,000	\$4,975,000	\$400,000
	Loan	\$554,000	000,500	\$696,283	\$340,000	\$2,153,241	\$260,000	\$1,000,000	\$723,000	\$375,000	\$2,975,000	\$200,000
	Grant	4554 000	000,1	\$696,282	\$340,000	\$0	\$260,000	\$1,000,000	\$723,000	\$375,000	\$2,000,000	\$200,000
	Green Amount	\$731,725	Business Case	80	\$400,000	\$0	0\$	\$300,000 Business Case	0\$	\$435,000 Business Case	0\$	\$7,800 Categorical

G - Green Infrastructure	Dis – Distribution	3 – Other
D - Disadvantaged	Stor - Storage	2 - Public Health
X - Fundable in the last IUP	Source - Source water infrastructure Stor - Storage	1 – Compliance
* - Carried over from the last IUP	TP - Treatment	Rehab - Rehabilitation

\$6,148,282 \$1,874,525

\$9,276,524

Total Funds Requested | \$15,424,806

SMALL COMMUNITY 15% RESERVE FUNDABLE LIST (Systems that serve a population of 3,301 to 9,999) FUNDS AVAILABLE

Grant	\$0	\$1,838,293	80
Loan	\$7,609,618	serve \$0	\$2,918,058
	Available from 15% Reserv	Transfer from 20% Reserve_	Transfer to 65% Reserve

Grant \$1,838,293

TOTAL AVAILABLE FROM RESERVES: Loan \$4,691,560

		Priority Points	Applicant	DWSRF#	Pop.	Description / Needs	Problem Code	Amount Requested	Loan	Grant	Green Amount
		41	Webb City	DW291269-01	9,812	Dis	3	\$486,481	\$243,241	\$243,240	\$0
	Ü	33	Desloge	DW291258-01	5,105	5,105 Dis, Stor	3	\$6,043,372	\$4,448,319	\$1,595,053	\$4,956,250 Business Case
						Total Funds l	Requested	Total Funds Requested \$6,529,853 \$4,691,560	\$4,691,560	\$1,838,293	\$4,956,250
*	Carrie	* - Carried over from the last IUP	the last IUP		X - Funda	X - Fundable in the last IUP		D - Disadvantaged	aged	G - Green Infrastructure	structure
TP	- Tre	TP - Treatment			Source - 5	Source - Source water infrastructure	ucture	Stor - Storage		Dis - Distribution	ion
Rej	lah -	Rehab - Rehabilitation	L L		1 – Compliance	liance		2 - Public Health	alth	3 – Other	

GENERAL COMMUNITY 65% RESERVE FUNDABLE LIST

FUNDS AVAILABLE

Loan Grant	\$32,975,013	\$869,634	\$2.918.058
	Available from 65% Reserve	Transfer from 20% Reserve	Transfer from 15% Reserve

Grant \$0 TOTAL AVAILABLE FROM RESERVES: Loan \$36,762,705

		3 – Other	c Health	2 - Public Health			1 – Compliance	u,	Rehab - Rehabilitation	hab -	Re
	ribution	Dis - Distribution	orage	Stor Storage	structure	water infra	Source - Source water infrastructure		TP - Treatment	Tr	TP
	G - Green Infrastructure	G - Green	D - Disadvantaged	D - Disad		he last IUF	X - Fundable in the last IUP	the last IUP	* - Carried over from the last IUP	Carr	*
Green: \$0	Grant: \$0 Gr	96	Loan: \$19,727,10	d Funds	Total Remaining Uncommitted Funds Loan: \$19,727,106	Total Rema					
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,									
	0\$ 0\$	\$17,035,599	\$17,035,599		Total Funds Requested						
	0\$ 0\$	\$160,000	\$160,000	3	TP	101,413	DW291014-16	Columbia – WTP Switchgear	7		*
	\$0	\$500,000	\$500,000	3	Source	101,413	DW291014-14	Columbia – Backup Generator	17		*
	0\$ 0\$	\$450,000	\$450,000	3	Dis	101,413	DW291014-07	Columbia - Old Mill Creek RD	32		*
	\$0	\$1,240,000	\$1,240,000	3	Dis, Stor	101,413	DW291014-06	Columbia – Hilldale	37		*
	0\$ 0\$	\$9,500,000	\$9,500,000	3	TP, Dis	10,505	DW291308-01	Neosho	40		
	\$0	\$315,000	\$315,000	3	Source	101,413	DW291014-15	Columbia – Well #16	47		*
	0\$ 0\$	\$2,221,000	\$2,221,000	3	Dis, Stor, Well, TP	16,651	DW291204-02	Poplar Bluff	63	×	*
	0\$ 0\$	\$1,276,891	\$1,276,891	3	Well, Stor, Dis	3,047	DW291276-01	Rogersville	75	×	*
	0\$ 0\$	\$1,270,608	\$1,270,608	3	TP	14,005	DW291310-01	Jefferson Co. Water Authority	88		
	\$0	\$102,100	\$102,100	3	Stor, Dis	9,500	DW291250-01	Chariton-Linn Co. PWSD #3	105		*
Green Amount	Grant	Loan	Request	Code	Needs	Pop.	DWSRF#	Applicant	Points		
			Amount	Problem	Description /				Priority		

			- PI	Planning List				
	Priority Points	Applicant	DWSRF#	Population	Description	Problem Code	Needs Category	Loan Request
*	110		DW291288-01	524	Dis, Refinance	3	IV	\$ 684,500
*	104	Bronaugh	DW291248-01	245	Stor, Dis, Source	3	I, III, IV	\$ 613,616
*	100	Archie	DW291142-02	068	TP	3	II	\$2,082,351
*	96	Sikeston	DW291188-01	16,992	TP, Stor, Dis, Inter	3	II, III, IV	\$15,000,000
*	87	Raintree Plantation	DW291291-01	2,240	Source, Stor	3	I, III	\$75,508
*	85	Howard Co. Regional Water Commission	DW291306-01	5,500	Source, TP, Stor, Dis	3	I, II, III, IV	\$10,478,600
*	85	Gallatin	DW291240-01	3,100	TP	3	II	\$3,750,000
*	83	Lincoln Co. PWSD #1	DW291244-01	4,370	Well, Stor, Dis	3	I, III, IV	\$6,658,000
*	80	McDonald Co. PWSD #3	DW291252-01	959	Source, Dis	3	I, IV	\$323,245
*	75	West Plains	DW291286-01	10,866	Source, Dis Stor	3	I, III, IV	\$3,885,160
	75	Cass Co. PWSD #10	DW291249-02	2,610	Dis, Stor	3	III, IV	\$1,231,000
*	73	New Madrid	DW291211-01	4,000	TP, Stor, Dis	3	II, III, IV	\$7,156,000
*	29	Chillcothe – High Service Pump	DW291251-01	13,141	Dis	3	IV	\$80,000
*	99	Jackson	DW291192-02	13,514	Well, TP, Stor, Dis	3	I, II, III,IV	\$14,826,000
	62	Belton	DW291314-01	10,574	Stor, Dis	3	III, IV	\$6,096,570
*	09	Creighton	DW291257-01	300	Stor, Dis	3	III, IV	\$1,396,000
*	69	Walnut Grove	DW291285-01	989	Source, Dis	3	I, IV	\$271,714
*	58	Kansas City – Filters A&B	DW291264-14	650,000	TP	3	II	\$15,750,000
*	55	Cameron	DW291193-02	18,000	Stor, Dis	3	III, IV	\$10,550,000
*	55	Ralls Co. PWSD #1	DW291275-01	6,500	Dis	3	IV	\$1,351,560
*	55	Hawk Point	DW291299-01	324	Source, Stor Dis,	3	I, III, IV	\$1,481,011
*	54	Clark Co. PWSD #1	DW291301-01	008'9	Well, Stor, Dis	3	I, III, IV	\$1,308,924
*	54	Barnett	DW291294-01	281	Source, Dis	3	I, IV	\$388,123
*	53	Consolidated Jefferson Co. PWSD #1	DW291256-01	31,795	Dis, Stor	3	III, IV	\$5,242,000
*	52	Andrew Co. PWSD #3	DW291246-01	1,031	Dis	3	VI	\$707,008
*	20	Fairfax	DW291295-01	645	Dis	3	IV	\$876,993
*	49	Boone Co. PWSD #9 - Tank	DW291247-02	11,100	Stor	3	III	\$106,576
*	48	Tri State Utilities	DW291298-01	8,600	Source, Stor, Dis	3	I, III, IV	\$2,915,260
*	45	Martinsburg	DW291241-01	326	Well, Dis	3	IV	\$665,000
*	45	Peculiar	DW291272-01	4,700	Dis	3	IV	\$2,717,000
	45	Laurie	DW291312-01	693	Dis	3	IV	\$306,915
*	44	St. Charles Co. PWSD #2	DW291279-01	000,00	Dis	3	IV	\$1,052,248
*	44	Whitewater/Allenville	DW291287-01	217	Stor	3	III	\$272,000
*	43	Kansas City - Blue Ridge Impr.	DW291264-04	650,000	Dis	3	IV	\$2,610,000
*	43	Henry Co. #3	DW291260-01	6,880	Source, Dis, Stor	3	I, III, IV	\$831,375
	43	Dent Co. PWSD #1	DW291309-01	086	Stor, Dis	3	III, IV	\$1,000,000
*	42	Columbia – Hiller Road Loop	DW291014-05	101,413	Dis	3	IV	\$3,265,000
*	40	Ash Grove	DW291237-01	1,500	Dis	3	IV	\$2,000,000
	40	Walker	DW291311-01	275	TP, Dis	3	I, IV	\$596,400

*	39		DW291247-03	11,100	Source	3	Ι	\$50,187
*	39	Boone Co. PWSD #9 - Booster PS	DW291247-01	11,100	Dis	3	IV	\$50,375
*	38	Kansas City - Water Main Repair	DW291264-18	650,000	Dis	3	ΛI	\$1,241,150
*	38	Kansas City – Brush Creek	DW291264-16	650,000	Dis	3	ΛI	\$1,153,600
*	38	Kansas City – Arrowhead Phase 2	DW291264-03	650,000	Dis	3	ΛI	\$16,065,940
*	38	Kansas City – 24" Main Emanual Cleaver	DW291264-01	650,000	Dis	3	VI	\$654,050
*	38	Kansas City - Railroad Bridge	DW291264-13	650,000	TP	3	п	\$1,225,700
*	38	Kansas City – Maplewoods	DW291264-11	650,000	Dis	3	VI	\$2,531,108
*	38	Kansas City - Botts RD/Federal Complex	DW291264-06	650,000	Dis	3	ΛI	\$13,081,000
*	38	Kansas City – 1-435 & Front St.	DW291264-10	650,000	Dis	3	VI	\$ 249,260
*	38	Kansas City - Main Replacements	DW291264-19	650,000	Dis	3	ΛI	\$10,886,624
*	38	Kansas City – Waukomis PS	DW291264-20	650,000	Dis	3	VI	\$2,595,600
*	38	Kansas City – 72 Inch Main Phase 1	DW291264-02	650,000	Dis	3	IV	\$8,214,250
*	38		DW291264-17	650,000	Source	3	I	\$6,410,000
*	37	Columbia – 24" Main South Section	DW291014-02	101,413	Dis	3	ΛI	\$6,700,000
*	37	Columbia – 24" Main North Section	DW291014-03	101,413	Dis	3	ΛI	\$4,495,000
*	37	Columbia – Route PP 12" Main	DW291014-04	101,413	Dis	3	ΛI	\$2,340,000
*	37	Kansas City – New North PS	DW291264-12	650,000	Dis	3	ΛI	\$2,278,300
*	36	Audrain Co. PWSD #2	DW291304-01	2,500	Dis	3	ΙΛ	\$513,146
*	35	Shelbyville	DW291297-01	664	Dis	8	ΛI	\$337,526
*	35	Shelbina	DW291305-01	1,943	Dis	3	N	\$1,040,901
*	35	Stockton	DW291282-01	1,960	Source, Dis, Stor	3	I, III, IV	\$1,882,018
*	34	Warsaw	DW291293-01	2,075	Source, Dis	3	I, IV	\$2,831,470
*	34	Jackson Co. PWSD #2	DW291262-01	15,000	Dis	3	IV	\$3,649,000
*	33		DW291303-01	8,835	Dis	3	IV	\$2,934,985
*	32	St. Louis - Chain Of Rocks WTP	DW291280-03	341,381	TP	3	II	\$599,460
*	31	Cassville	DW291300-01	2,890	Dis, Stor	3	III, IV	\$26,850
*	30	Concordia	DW291255-01	2,360	Dis	3	IV	\$1,747,500
	28	Kansas City - Small Main	DW291264-15	650,000	Dis	3	IV	\$9,549,130
	28	Jackson Co. PWSD #1	DW291289-01	25,000	Dis	3	IV	\$1,502,821
*	28	Thomas Hill PWSD #1	DW291284-01	009'6	Stor, Dis	3	III, IV	\$2,050,746
*	28	Kansas City - Tank Rehabilitation	DW291264-08	650,000	Stor	3	III	\$2,090,000
*	28	Chillcothe – Well	DW291251-03	13,141	Source	3	I	\$124,000
*	28	Sparta	DW291277-01	1,600	Dis	3	IV	\$997,780
*	28	Pleasant Hill	DW291274-01	7,500	Dis	3	IV	\$250,922
*	27	St. Louis – Central City Phase 1	DW291280-01	341,381	Dis	3	IV	\$548,300
*	27	St. Louis - Hampton Ave.	DW291280-05	341,381	Dis	3	IV	\$ 2,168,150
*	27	St. Louis – North City Phase 1	DW291280-09	341,381	Dis	3	IV	\$1,024,000
*	27	St. Louis – South City Phase 1	DW291280-10	341,381	Dis	3	IV	\$669,200
*	27	Jefferson Co. PWSD #1	DW291263-01	20,000	Dis	3	IV	\$180,250
*	27	Kansas City - Blue Ridge PS	DW291264-05	650,000	Dis	3	IV	\$779,710
*	27	Kansas City - Emergency Generator	DW291264-09	650,000	Dis	3	IV	\$2,941,670
*	27	St. Louis – Stacy Park Reservoir	DW291280-11	341,381	Dis	3	IV	\$1,271,100

*	27	Chillcothe – Meters	DW291251-02	13,141	Dis	3	IV	\$987,500
*	25	Village of Diggins	DW291253-01	298	Source	3	I	\$42,200
*	25	South Greenfield	DW291292-01	160	Source	3	Ι	\$75,400
*	25	Paris (Refinance)	DW291159-02	1,529	Dis	3	ΛI	\$900,000
*	24	Nixa - Tank Rehabilitation	DW291271-02	18,000	Stor	3	III	\$1,900,680
*	22	Columbia - Loop Closure Intersection	DW291014-10	101,413	Dis	3	ΛI	\$592,000
*	22	Platte City	DW291221-01	4,907	Dis	3	IV	\$956,000
	22	Cass Co. PWSD #10	DW291249-01	2,070	Dis	3	IV	\$349,582
	22	Stockton	DW291282-02	1,960	Source	3	I	\$649,473
	21	Cass Co. PWSD #4	DW291307-01	1,500	Stor	3	III	\$158,188
*	19	Leadwood	DW291296-01	1,247	TP, Dis, STor	3	II, III, IV	\$904,700
*	19	Nixa – Distribution	DW291271-01	18,000	Dis	3	IV	\$428,896
*	19	Lexington	DW291057-02	4,435	TP, Dis, Stor	3	II, III, IV	\$12,921,000
	_ 16	Jackson Co. PWSD #2	DW291262-02	15,000	Dis	3	IV	\$905,100
*	17	Columbia – Broadway 8" Main	DW291014-09	101,413	Dis	3	IV	\$730,000
*	17	Columbia – Bus I-70 12" Loop	DW291014-08	101,413	Dis	3	IV	\$1,855,500
*	17	Columbia - Main Replacement	DW291014-12	101,413	Dis	3	IV	\$1,532,500
*	17	Columbia - Main Replacement Schools	DW291014-13	101,413	Dis	3	IV	\$1,307,800
*	17	Kansas City – East Bottoms PS	DW291264-07	650,000	Battery Bank	3	IV	\$1,194,800
*	17	St. Louis – Howard Bend Engine House	DW291280-08	341,381	Energy Cons	3		\$416,600
*	17	St. Louis - Howard Bend Boiler House	DW291280-07	341,381	Energy Cons	3		\$160,800
*	17	St. Louis - Chain of Rocks Filter Plant	DW291280-02	341,381	TP	3	П	\$393,100
*	17	St. Louis – Downtown, Broadway & Arsenal	DW291280-04	341,381	Dis	3	IV	\$2,507,000
*	17	St. Louis - Historic Water Tank Repair	DW291280-06	341,381	Stor	3	III	\$617,500
*	16	Kirkwood	DW291266-01	27,324	Dis	3	ΛI	\$2,058,455
*	14	Missouri American St. Louis	DW291270-01	1,200,000	Dis	3	IV	\$5,760,000
*	14	Springfield - Distribution Phase 1	DW291278-02	154,777	Dis	3	IV	\$820,000
*	14	Springfield - Distribution Phase 2	DW291278-03	154,777	Dis	3	IV	\$8,696,000
*	4	Springfield - Blackman WTP Phase2	DW291278-01	154,777	TP	3	п	\$1,218,865
*	13	Gladstone	DW291259-01	26,384	TP, Dis	3	II, IV	\$15,000,000
*	12	Columbia - Loop Closures Residential	DW291014-11	101,413	Dis	3	IV	\$458,900
*	11	Buckner	DW291238-01	2,784	Well, TP, Stor, Dis	3	I, II, III, IV	\$4,743,000
*	S	Liberty - Well & Lime Storage Silo	DW291268-01	28,303	Source, TP	3	I, II	\$1,435,000
*	4	Springfield – Stockton Pump Station Phase 2	DW291278-05	154,777	Source	3	Ι	\$11,255,000
*	4	Springfield - Stockton Pump Station	DW291278-04	154,777	Source	3		\$1,745,000
*	4	Lee's Summit	DW291267-01	92,000	Dis	3	ΛI	\$1,751,000
							Total	\$339,961,975

^{*} Carried over from previous IUP ** Project also included in project DW291193-02

Abbreviations and Codes

<u>Abbreviations</u>	Problem Codes	Categories
P – Treatment	1 - Compliance	I - Source
ource - Source water infrastructure	2 - Public Health	II - Treatment
or – Storage	3 – Other	III – Storage
is - Distribution		IV - Transmission/Distribution
iter – Interconnection		

Sources and Distribution of Funds-Detail

ESTIMATED DRINKING WATER SRF FUNDS AVAILABLE AS OF 12/31/09

FFY 2006 DW SRF Capitalization Grant (federal portion only)	1,464,075	
FFY 2007 DW SRF Capitalization Grant (federal portion only)	12,565,938	
FFY 2008 DW SRF Capitalization Grant (federal portion only)	11,703,840	
FFY 2009 DW SRF Capitalization Grant (not yet awarded)	11,703,840	
FFY 2010 DW SRF Capitalization Grant (not yet awarded)	18,101,460	
Loan Repayment Fund (Balance in Fund 0602 - balance on 12/31/0	09) 12,766,364	
Estimated Investment Interest on Repayment Fund (7/1/09 - 06/30/	(10) 844,014	
Reserve Release (01/01/10 - 06/30/11)	7,485,789	
Direct Loans - Principal and Interest Repayments (01/01/10 - 06/30)/11) <u>380,617</u>	
Total Estimated Sources of Funds		77,015,937

Estimated Fund Commitments

Binding Loan Commitments (Balance of Reserve Payable 12/31/09)	(6,364,203)	
Base Program Funds Committed for ARRA projects	(1,359,370)	
Grants	(7,986,575)	
Transfer of DW SRF funds to CW SRF	(10,475,000)	
Independent Audit	(100,000)	
Total Commitments		(26,285,148)

Estimated Amount of Available Funds for Loans

50,730,789

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DWSRF Loan Application Package For SFY 2011 (July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011)

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MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM

DRINKING WATER STATE REVOLVING FUND LOAN APPLICATION

FOR OFFICE	USE ONLY	
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DATE RECEIVED

LOAN NUMBER

Submit to: Missouri Department of Natu Jefferson City, MO 65102-0	ıral Resources	s, Financial				PRIORITY POINTS
GENERAL INFORMATION		A STANDARD	表達大學學			
PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY NAME		7 - 5 - D. (A.) 30.5	PUBLIC WATER	SUPPLY ID N	0.	organis (Autoritation — Autoritation in the Au
PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY OWNER						
2. PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY CONTACT PERSON FOR THI	S DRINKING WATE	R STATE REVOL	VING FUND LOAM	PROJECT	TITLE	
MAILING ADDRESS				-		
CITY	ST	ATE Zt	P CODE + FOUR		COUNTY	
TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE - Ext.	-	FA	X NUMBER WITH	AREA CODE		
3. CONSULTING ENGINEER						
CONSULTANT MAILING ADDRESS						
CITY		s	TATE		ZIP CODE + F	OUR
					-	
CONSULTANT TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE - Ext.			CONSULTANT	FAX NUMBER	WITH AREA CODE	
4. POPULATION SERVED BY PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY ☐ < 501 ☐ 501 to 3,300	□ 3.30	01 to 10,000		10,001 to	100.000	☐ > 100,000
5. U.S. CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT NUMBER	STATE SENATE			10,000 1 10		ATIVE DISTRICT NUMBER(S)
6. CERTIFIED OPERATOR AND EMER	GENCY OPE	PATING P	AN	/146600 isk		
THE APPLICANT HAS PROVIDED:	ICLITO I C. L	n (62 1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	AND THE RESERVE AND THE PARTY OF THE PARTY O	edia Not to the Lorentz		2014 C8 (2011)
☐ Documentation the Public Water Sup	ply has a cert	tified chief o	perator or ex	pects to h	ave prior to loa	n award.
☐ Documentation the Public Water Sup☐ Documentation the Public Water Sup	-					
☐ Documentation the Public Water Sup	-					
	ply has an en	nergency op	erating plan	or expects	s to have prior t	o loan award.
Documentation the Public Water Sup	ply has an en	nergency op	erating plan	or expects	s to have prior t	o loan award.

7. ESTIMATED PROJECT COST INFORMATI	ON	8. BREAKDOWN OF STATE REVOLVING FUND ELIGIBLE COST PER DESIGNATED CATEGORIES:			
Cost Estimate Dated: / /		I. Treatment \$			
Administrative/Legal	\$	II. Transmission and Distribution \$			
Engineering Planning and Design	\$	III. Storage \$			
Construction Engineering Services	\$	IV. Source \$			
Engineering Inspection	\$	V. Land Acquisition \$			
Construction	\$	VI. Purchasing of Other Systems \$			
Other Costs (labs, upgrades, automation, etc.) Specify:	\$	VII. Refinancing \$			
Interest During Construction	\$	VIII. Other Specify: \$			
Contingency (10 percent of Construction)	\$	9. PROJECTED REPAYMENT SOURCE			
Total Project Costs	\$				
Funding Sources other than the Drinking Water Fund (specify whether loan or grant):	State Revolving	User Fees			
•	\$	General Funds			
•	\$	☐ Sales			
BALANCE (Total project costs minus other funding sources)	\$	Other (Please, describe):			
Cost of Issuance (Estimate 3% of Balance)	\$				
AMOUNT OF LOAN REQUEST (Balance plus Cost of Issuance)	\$	IS THE SOURCE OF REPAYMENT IN PLACE AND AVAILABLE AT THIS TIME? (CHECK ONE) Yes No If yes, specify:			
10. ANTICIPATED DEBT STRUCTURE/SECU	RITY				
☐ General Obligation Bonds ☐					
Amount of Bond \$	HAVE YOU F	PASSED BONDS FOR THIS PROJECT? (CHECK ONE)			
11. FINANCIAL INFORMATION	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O				
Anticipated term of the loan (years)	2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3				
EXISTING CUSTOMERS		ESTIMATED CUSTOMERS AT PROJECT COMPLETION			
WHAT IS YOUR COLLECTION DELINQUENCY RATE?		ARE YOU CURRENTLY FUNDING DEPRECIATION?			
percent OUTSTANDING DEBT AMOUNT		☐ Yes ☐ No WHEN WAS THE LAST TIME USER FEES WERE REVIEWED?			
\$		WHEN WAS THE EAST TIME OSEN FEES WERE REVIEWED?			
EXISTING ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE \$		WHEN WAS THE LAST TIME USER FEES WERE INCREASED?			
12. REVENUE LESS (MINUS) OPERATING EXPENSES FOR THE LA					
FROM A FINANCIAL STANDPOINT, DO YOU HAVE A COMBINED W. Yes No	ATER AND SEWER SYST	TEM?			
PROJECT SCHEDULE (READINESS TO PRO	CEED)				
Milestone		Anticipated Date			
A. Engineering Report and Facility Plan comple	ete	1 1			
B. All other funding is secured (if necessary, bo	onds are voted)	1 1			
C. Engineering Plans and Specifications compl	ete	1 1			
D. Construction start date		. 1 1			
E. Mandatory completion date (attach copy of c	compliance sched	ule) / /			

	13 AFFORDABILITY (COMMUNITY WATER SYSTEMS ONLY)					
Commun	ity water systems include, for example, water su	pply districts, cities and subdivisions. Community water systems may be				
POPULATION	r privately owned.	FROM THE U.S. CENSUS: MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME FOR THE SERVICE AREA				
		\$				
	HOUSEHOLDS					
	IES) BENEFITED BY PROJECT					
14. CURRENT	T AVERAGE MONTHLY WATER BILL FOR A TYPICAL HOUSEHOLD, I	PER 5,000 GALLONS				
\$	AVERAGE MONTHLY WATER BILL FOR A TYPICAL HOUSEHOLD, PI	ER 5,000 GALLONS, FOLLOWING COMPLETION OF THIS PROJECT				
	DRINKING WATER ACT COMPLIANCE (ONLY POINTS UNDER THIS SECTION)	Y EXISTING PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS ARE ELIGIBLE FOR				
Describe a to projects of the item	anticipated compliance benefits of the proposed s that will be bid for construction immediately follows:	project. The project for which funding is being requested must be limited owing the Drinking Water Revolving Fund loan closing deadline. Check all cribe each item below. You must attach any other supporting				
THIS PROJEC	T WILL (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):					
	Correct persistent violations of maximum contam contaminants (such as coliform, turbidity or nitrate	inant levels or treatment performance criteria for acute risk e) within the past 36 months.				
	Correct persistent violations of treatment technique	ue requirements.				
	Correct persistent violations of maximum contam past 36 months.	inant levels for non-acute risk primary contaminants occurring within the				
	Correct persistent violations of maximum contam 36 months.	inant levels for secondary contaminants occurring within the past				
	Enable the Public Water Supply to comply with co	ertain anticipated federal regulations.				
	Enable the Public Water Supply to comply with a enforceable document issued by the Missouri De	n administrative order, bilateral compliance agreement, permit or other partment of Natural Resources.				
DESCRIPTION	OR ADDITIONAL COMMENTS:					
		,				

	HEALTH
limited to Check a docume	e the anticipated public health benefits of the proposed project. The project for which funding is being requested must be projects that will be bid for construction immediately following the Drinking Water Revolving Fund loan closing deadline. It items listed below that apply to the project and describe in the space provided. You must attach any other supporting intation and specifically cross-reference it in the narrative description. The Department will consider only supporting intation described on the application form.
	Existing public water systems only: At least 51 percent of the project will address problems causing a waterborne disease outbreak attributable to the Public Water Supply by the Department of Health and Senior Services.
	Existing public water systems only: The Public Water Supply can document its inability consistently to maintain >35 psi as a normal working pressure in the distribution system.
	Existing public water systems only: The Public Water Supply can document its inability consistently to maintain >20 psi at all service connections.
	Private or non-community wells or sources in the project service area are unable to consistently provide an adequate amount of potable water for general household purposes and at least 51 percent of the project addresses this need.
THIS PROJ	ECT WILL (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):
	Provide a Public Water Supply with a backup well or backup interconnection with another Public Water Supply.
	Address problem(s) with improper well construction.
	Address unaccounted for water that exceeds 10 percent of the drinking water produced by the system, and the loss is due to leaking or broken water lines.
	Provide necessary modifications to a distribution system anticipated to exceed design capacity or useful life within the next five years.
	Address a demonstrated need to replace faulty pipes or substandard pipe materials.
	Address a demonstrated need for distribution system valves and flushing devices.
	Address a demonstrated need for looping of water mains.
	Address an inability to maintain a disinfectant residual at all points in the distribution system.
	Address water storage facilities in poor condition not related to inadequate maintenance.
	Provide the Public Water Supply with a storage capacity equal to one day's average use or provide the Public Water Supply with adequate standby power.
	Provide necessary modifications to a source or treatment facility anticipated to exceed design capacity or useful life within the next five years.
	Address significant degradation of the quality of raw water supply.
	Address significant degradation of the quality of finished water in storage.
	Enable the Public Water Supply to meet existing state requirements for the treatment or storage of waste residues generated by the water treatment plant.
	Enable repair or replacement of treatment facilities for required disinfection or turbidity removal that are severely deteriorated beyond the useful life of the facility.
	The facility's source is vulnerable to natural disasters (such as flood or drought) or contamination.
	The facility's treatment plan is vulnerable to natural disasters (such as flood or drought) or contamination.
	The facility is located in a Department approved Wellhead Protection Area.
	At least 51 percent of the project cost is for repair or replacing an existing public water system damaged or destroyed by a natural disaster. (Note: Documentation must be submitted along with a statement that adequate state or federal disaster relief is not available).
THIS PROJ	ECT WILL (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):
	Provide necessary upgrades to facilities of a primary water system to continue or expand services as a regional water supplier.
	Result in the permanent supply interconnection of two or more existing public water systems. (This includes new water systems that allow small water systems within their boundaries to consolidate).
	Result in a regional management system responsible for the day-to-day operation of the water system.
	Enable the Public Water Supply to enhance the water system security.
	Applicants governing board has received training related to the management and operation of drinking water infrastructure.

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DECORPORADO A A PROPERTO MANAGEMENTO	
DESCRIPTION OR ADDITIONAL COMMENTS	
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	•
	W-7.11 WITH MANY 2.0 CO WITH MANY CO
CERTIFICATION	
The undersigned representative certifies the information submitted	in this application is true and correct to the best of his or her
knowledge and that he or she is authorized to sign and submit this	
basis of this application, to comply with all applicable rules and reg	julations of the Department of Natural Resources and the terms
and conditions of the loan agreement. Incomplete applications v	
SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE	DATE
GIGHALONE OF AUTHORIZED REFRESEIVINITYE	DATE / /
ANALY AND OFFICIAL TITLE	
NAME AND OFFICIAL TITLE	TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE
	Ext.
PREPARER'S NAME AND SIGNATURE (IF APPLICABLE)	
SIGNATURE OF PREPARER	DATE
	<u> </u>
NAME AND TITLE	TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE
	Ext.

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Missouri Department of Natural Resources

Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loan Application Instructions for Form 780-1845

Water Protection Program fact sheet

1/2009

Note: Potential applicants should contact the Financial Assistance Center prior to completing and submitting an application. Please contact the Financial Assistance Center at 573-751-1192 or toll free at 800-361-4827.

- 1. Print or type the applicant information. Include a street address if available. The applicant is the entity that will receive the loan funds, if awarded.
- 2. The contact noted on the application should be knowledgeable about the application and able to be contacted during business hours.
- Include the engineering firm name and the professional engineer working on the project.
- 4. Show the population of the entire service area. The "population served by Public Water Supply" will be different from the census population if the project is to serve a portion of the municipality or district.
- 5. Provide the U.S. congressional district number(s), state senate and state representative district number(s) for the project area.
- 6. Check the appropriate box if the public water supply has a certified chief operator or an emergency operations plan.
- Supply the cost estimates for the project. Land acquisition and easements are eligible for a
 Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loan. Please call the Financial Assistance Center for
 additional guidance concerning requirements needed when acquiring land and easements.
- 8. Provide a cost breakdown by category of need.
- State the source of repayment for the loan and if it is in place and available at this time.
- 10. Provide information about existing or proposed ballot issues. If a bond or tax issue has already been voted, provide a copy of the ballot language and certified election results.
- 11. The information included in Section 11 will be used to determine the financial capability of the applicant with respect to the proposed project. Please provide the most accurate information available.
- 12. Show the revenue minus expenses for the last fiscal year. Please include the beginning and end of the fiscal year if not using the calendar year.
- 13. In Section 9 "Affordability", the median household income is based on the most recent census.

- 14. Fill in the current rate for a 5,000 gallon user and what the estimated rate will be at project completion.
- 15. Check all boxes that apply to the proposed project and include descriptions or additional comments as needed. Additional information from these descriptions and a preliminary engineering report will help in determining priority.

Note: Please look at the priority ranking criteria developed by the department. Doing this will help you to maximize the priority points received for the project. The priority ranking criteria is available at www.dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/srf/index.html.

Incomplete Applications will be Returned

- Sign the application and attach any information that will enable the department to prioritize you drinking water needs.
- If you are using funds from U.S. Department of Agriculture-Rural Development or Department of Economic Development Community Development Block Grant Program, be certain that you have included this information with the application.
- · Make a copy of the completed application for you records.

Mail the completed application to:
Missouri Department of Natural Resources, Water Protection Program
Financial Assistance Center, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102-0176

For More Information

Missouri Department of Natural Resources
Water Protection Program, Financial Assistance Center
P.O. Box 176
Jefferson City, MO 65102-0176
800-361-4827 or 753-751-1192
FAX: 573-571-9396
www.dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/srf/index.html



MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM DRINKING WATER STATE REVOLVING FUND FACILITY PLAN SUBMITTAL CHECKLIST

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LONG-TERM PRODUCTIVITY Review will not be initiated until items in Section 4 are submitted. Issuance of an environmental review and final approval of the Facility Plan can not be given until all items have been submitted. Attach a schedule for submittal of any remaining information or documents.						
8. SIGNATURE						
The undersigned official of the applicant ensure correct and complete to the best of my knowled			nd the attached do	cuments are true,		
PREPARER'S SIGNATURE	<u> </u>					
TITLE		DATE				

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Missouri Department of Natural Resources

Missouri Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Priority Points Criteria

Water Protection Program fact sheet

9/2009

Approved by the Safe Drinking Water Commission - Sept. 2, 2009

General Information

The Department must prepare annually a document called the *Drinking Water State Revolving Fund*, or DWSRF, *Intended Use Plan*, or IUP, that includes lists of proposed projects expected to qualify for financing within the fiscal year addressed by the IUP. These priority point criteria will be used to evaluate the DWSRF leveraged loan application to be addressed by the State Fiscal Year 2011. A project must be listed in the IUP to be eligible for funding. The projects must be listed in priority order.

The purpose of these priority point criteria is to list projects as to their priority order so that the most serious problems are given the highest priority. Consistent with the federal Safe Drinking Water Act, or SDWA, priorities are based primarily on protection of public health, compliance with the SDWA and household affordability.

Assignment of Priority Points

Priority points shall be assigned only where the proposed project is intended to correct the problem associated with the points. For example, if the public water system has persistent violations of a secondary maximum contaminant level, or MCL, but the proposed project does not address that problem, the 10 points associated with persistent violations of a secondary MCL will not be assigned.

The sections on Distribution System Reliability (section II.C.2.) and Design Considerations (section II. C. 6.) are limited to a maximum of 20 points each. This is done to ensure projects addressing MCL violations are not overwhelmed by projects addressing only design considerations or distribution system problems. The 25 points available for violations of acute risk contaminant MCLs was used as the baseline in developing the priority point criteria.

Projects will be ranked by the number of points received. In the event of a tie, the project receiving the highest number of points under Distribution System Reliability and Design Considerations (sections II.C.2. and II. C. 6.) with the 20-point maximum limits lifted will receive the higher ranking. If the projects are still tied, the secondary tie-breaking criteria will be number of affordability points. The applicant with the highest affordability points will receive the higher ranking. If the projects are still tied, the third tier of tie-breaking criteria will be the number of people served. The system serving the larger number of people will receive the higher ranking. Projects that involve the refinancing of existing debt will for the purpose of priority ranking, receive priority points only for affordability.

No priority points shall be assigned to a project intended to correct deficiencies resulting from inadequate operation and maintenance of the public water system.

Priority point assignment and listing in the IUP do not guarantee that all financial and project eligibility requirements have been met.

Priority Points

I. Safe Drinking Water Act Compliance

Only projects for existing eligible public water systems will be assigned points under this section. See the list on page 6 of this fact sheet, *SDWA Compliance Priority Points: Existing and Anticipated Regulations* for further explanation of categories A through D below.

- A. Acute Risk Contaminants. 25 points will be assigned if there have been persistent violations of maximum contaminant levels or treatment performance criteria for acute risk contaminants (such as coliform, turbidity or nitrate) within the past 36 calendar months.
- B. Treatment Technique Requirements. 20 points will be assigned if there have been persistent violations of treatment technique requirements on the *SDWA Compliance Priority Points: Existing and Anticipated Regulations* list (such as the Surface Water Treatment Rule, Lead and Copper, etc.).
- C. Non-Acute Risk Contaminants.
 - 1. 15 points will be assigned if there have been persistent violations of any non-acute risk primary MCL within the past 36 calendar months.
 - 2. 10 priority points will be assigned if there have been persistent violations of any secondary MCL within the past 36 calendar months.
- D. Anticipated Federal Regulations. 15 points will be assigned if the proposed project will enable the public water system to comply with anticipated federal regulations identified on the SDWA Compliance Priority Points: Existing and Anticipated Regulations list.
- E. Compliance. 10 points will be assigned if the proposed project will enable an eligible public water system to comply with an administrative order, a bilateral compliance agreement, or other enforceable document issued by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources.

II. Public Health

- A. Waterborne Disease Outbreak. 25 points will be assigned if a waterborne disease outbreak as declared by the Department of Health is attributable to an existing public water system and 51 percent or more of the cost of the proposed project addresses the problem(s) causing the waterborne disease outbreak.
- B. Inadequate Water Supply.
 - 10 points will be assigned if an existing public water system can document its inability to consistently maintain at least 35 psi as a normal working pressure in the distribution system.
 - 10 points will be assigned if an existing public water system can document its inability to consistently maintain pressures of at least 20 psi at all service connections.
 - 3. 20 points will be assigned if the private or noncommunity wells or sources in the proposed project service area are unable to consistently provide an adequate amount of potable water for general household purposes and 51 percent or more of the cost of the proposed project addresses this need. Private or noncommunity wells or sources contaminated by commercial, industrial or mining wastes will be considered in this category.

C. Public Water System Infrastructure Improvement.

Note: Only projects for existing eligible public water systems will be assigned points under this subsection.

- 1. System source reliability.
 - a. 10 points will be assigned a project that addresses a need for new backup well or a backup interconnection with another public water system.
 - b. 10 points will be assigned if the system has one or more improperly constructed wells.
- 2. Distribution system reliability. (Limited to a maximum of 20 points.)

Reminder: After points have been calculated for all eligible applicants, ties will be broken by calculating total points possible under this section and section II.C.6., design considerations, without the 20-point limitations. The project receiving the higher score under these two sections without the 20-point limitations will be ranked above the project receiving the lower score.

- a. 10 points will be assigned if the system has unaccounted-for water that exceeds 10 percent of the drinking water produced by the system, and the water loss is due to broken or leaking waterlines.
- b. 10 points will be assigned if the distribution system is anticipated to exceed design capacity or useful facility life within the next five years.
- c. 10 points will be assigned if the distribution system has faulty waterlines or substandard waterline materials.
- d. 5 points will be assigned if the public water system requires distribution system valves and flushing devices.
- e. 5 points will be assigned if the public water system requires looping of water waterlines.
- Disinfection. 10 points will be assigned if a public water system is unable to maintain a disinfectant residual at all points in its distribution system.
- 10 points will be assigned if a system has storage facilities in poor condition, not related to inadequate maintenance of the facilities.
- Reliability of service. 10 points will be assigned if a system has water storage capacity that is less than one day's average use or lacks adequate standby power.
- 6. Design considerations. (Limited to a maximum of 20 points)

Reminder: After points have been calculated for all eligible applicants, ties will be broken by calculating total points possible under this section and section II.C.2., system distribution reliability, without the 20-point limitations. The project receiving the higher score under these two sections without the 20-point limitations will be ranked above the project receiving the lower score.

a. 20 points will be assigned if the source or treatment facility is anticipated to exceed its useful life or if the demand is expected to exceed the design capacity within the next five years.

- b. 20 points will be assigned if a system has suffered significant degradation of the quality of the raw water supply.
- c. 20 points will be assigned if a system has suffered significant degradation of the quality of finished water in storage.
- d. 10 points will be assigned if a system currently does not meet existing state requirements for the treatment and/or storage of waste residues generated by the water treatment plant.
- 7. 20 points will be assigned if the treatment facility(ies) for required disinfection or turbidity removal are severely deteriorated and beyond the facility useful life.
- 8. Vulnerability.
 - a. 10 points will be assigned to a water system whose source is vulnerable to natural disasters (such as flood or drought) or contamination.
 - b. 10 points will be assigned to a water system whose treatment plant is vulnerable to natural disasters (such as flood, earthquake, etc.) or contamination.
- D. Wellhead and Watershed Protection. 10 points will be awarded to applicants who have a Department approved wellhead protection plan or watershed protection plan.

III. Affordability

Only community water system projects will be assigned points under this section.

- A. Annual Median Household Income. The statewide annual median household income levels of the state must be determined from income data from the latest census of the United States.
 - A community water system will use the annual median household income for the appropriate political subdivision or subdivisions encompassing its service area.
 - A nonmunicipal community water system will use the annual median household income for the smallest political subdivision encompassing the nonmunicipal community water system.
- B. Assignment of Points. (Limited to a maximum of 25 points)
 - 1. 10 points will be assigned a project sponsored by a community water system with an annual median household income below the annual median household income for either the metropolitan or nonmetropolitan area, as applicable.
 - From 1 to 25 points will be assigned, determined by the ratio of monthly water bill for 5,000 gallons of water to the monthly median household income for the project area to be served (expressed in percent times 10) and rounded to the nearest whole number.

For example: Monthly water bill = \$20

Annual median household income = \$24,000

Monthly median household income = \$24,000/12 = \$2,000

(\$20/\$2000) x 100% = 1%

1% x 10 = 10 points

IV. Additional Priority Point Categories

A. Natural disasters.

10 points will be assigned if 51 percent or more of the proposed project cost is for repair or replacement of an existing public water system damaged or destroyed by a natural disaster. In order to be assigned these points, the project must be located in an area declared a federal or state natural disaster area, and a description of the public water system damaged or destroyed by the natural disaster must be submitted along with a statement that other state or federal disaster relief is not sufficient to meet the costs of the project.

B. Consolidation.

- 20 points will be assigned a project that provides necessary upgrades to facilities of a primary water system to continue or expand services as a regional water supplier.
- 2. 20 points will be assigned if the proposed project will result in the permanent supply interconnection of two or more existing public water systems, where at least one of the systems has demonstrated technical, managerial and financial capacity with respect to the national primary drinking water regulations. This would include new water systems (generally water districts), which will allow small water systems within their boundaries to consolidate.
- 3. 10 points will be assigned for consolidation of two or more public water systems or if the proposed project will result in a regional management system responsible for the day-to-day operation of the water system, where the management system has the required technical, managerial and financial capacity to meet the national primary drinking water regulations. If the project meets the criteria for the points under item IV.B.4., points under this criteria will not be awarded.
- 4. 20 points will be assigned if the proposed project will result in a new water distribution system or upgrade of an existing water distribution system to meet the standards of a regional water supplier for the purpose of consolidation.

C. Security.

10 points will be assigned for eligible security measures. Eligible security measures include vulnerability assessments, emergency response plans, fencing, security cameras and lights, motion detectors, secure chemical and fuel storage, security hatches and access panels, and cross-connection control.

D. Board Training.

10 points will be assigned if the governing body has received training related to

the operation and management of the water utility.

SDWA Compliance Priority Points: Existing and Anticipated Regulations

I. Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCL) and Treatment Technique Requirements

Acute Risk Contaminants

10 CSR 60-4.020 Maximum Microbiological Contaminant Levels and Monitoring Requirements, subsections (7)(A) and (7)(B).

10 CSR 60-4.030 Maximum Inorganic Chemical Contaminant Levels, Action Levels, and Monitoring Requirements, numbers 13, 14 and 15 in section (1).

10 CSR 60-4.050 Maximum Turbidity Contaminant Levels and Monitoring Requirements, subsections (2)(D) and (3)(D).

Treatment Technique Requirements

10 CSR 60-4.050 Maximum Turbidity Contaminant Levels and Monitoring Requirements, subsections (2) and (3).

10 CSR 60-4.055 Disinfection Requirements, subsection (1)(A), section (2), section (3), section (4), section (5) and section (6).

10 CSR 60-4.090 Maximum Contaminant Level and Monitoring Requirements for . Disinfection By-Products, subsections (1)(D) and (4)(D).

10 CSR 60-15.010 General Requirements (lead and copper), sections (4), (5) and (6).

Non-Acute Primary MCL

10 CSR 60-4.030 Maximum Inorganic Chemical Contaminant Levels, Action Levels, and Monitoring Requirements, section (1), including the revised arsenic MCL proposed April 15, 2003.

10 CSR 60-4.040 Maximum Synthetic Organic Chemical Contaminant Levels and Monitoring Requirements, section (1).

10 CSR 60-4.060 Maximum Radionuclide Contaminant Levels and Monitoring Requirements, subsections (1)(A)-(D).

10 CSR 60-4.090 Maximum Contaminant Level and Monitoring Requirements for Disinfection By-Products, subsections (1)(A)-(C).

10 CSR 60-4.100 Maximum Volatile Organic Chemical Contaminant Levels and Monitoring Requirements, section (2).

Secondary MCL

10 CSR 60-4.070 Secondary Contaminant Levels and Monitoring Requirements, section (1).

II. New and Anticipated Federal Regulations

Radon

In anticipation of new standards for radon, points will be awarded for projects that will bring these systems into compliance with those standards. EPA's proposed rule was published in the Nov. 2, 1999 Federal Register (64 FR 59246).

Ground Water Rule

EPA is developing rules to specify appropriate use of disinfection and address other components of groundwater systems. In anticipation of the Groundwater Rule, points will be awarded for projects that will bring these systems into compliance with those standards. EPA's proposed rule was published in the May 10, 2000, *Federal Register* (65 FR 30193).

Long-Term 2 Enhanced Surface Water Treatment Rule

EPA's New Long-Term 2 ESWTR was published in the Jan. 5, 2006, *Federal Register* (71 FR 653). Points will be awarded for projects that will bring affected systems into compliance with the standards.

Stage 2 Disinfectants/Disinfection By-Products Rule

EPA's Stage 2 D/DBPR was published in the Jan. 4, 2006, *Federal Register* (71 FR 388). Points will be awarded for projects that will bring affected systems into compliance with the new standards.

For more information

Missouri Department of Natural Resources Water Protection Program Public Drinking Water Branch P.O. Box 176 Jefferson City, MO 65102-0176 800-361-4827 or 573-751-5331 www.dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/index.html



Missouri Department of Natural Resources

Missouri Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Readiness to Proceed and Distribution of Funds Criteria

Water Protection Program fact sheet

9/2009

Approved by the Safe Drinking Water Commission - Sept. 2, 2009

General Information

In order to assure best use of the drinking water loan funds in a reasonably expeditious manner, the Department of Natural Resources will begin recognizing the effort of Drinking Water State Revolving Fund, or DWSRF, applicants to complete their proposed project. Also, to ensure availability of DWSRF loan funds to more water systems, the Department is including an annual funding limitation.

Readiness to Proceed

The Department will follow the readiness to proceed criteria to determine fundable status and distribute available and anticipated DWSRF funds. Readiness to proceed criterion is defined as any project that, at a minimum, has submitted a complete facility plan and has secured voter approved bond authorization or received an acceptable debt instrument. To help determine if a project is ready, a facility plan for a DWSRF project must adequately address the information required by section 1.0 of the checklist attached to the SRF application at the end of this document. See the Distribution of DWSRF - Funds section for details as to how the Department proposes to list new and carry-over DWSRF projects in the next Intended Use Plan.

Maximum Loan Limit

The maximum amount for a DWSRF loan from any single Intended Use Plan, or IUP, shall not exceed 30 percent of the total available and anticipated loan fund or \$10 million, whichever is less, unless the Department receives approval from the Missouri Safe Drinking Water Commission, or SDWC to exceed such limits.

Distribution of DWSRF Funds

Based on priority points and readiness to proceed, the following describes how the Department intends to list the DWSRF projects for the purpose of committing DWSRF loan funds. The Department will designate DWSRF projects in the Drinking Water Intended Use Plan as either fundable, fundable contingency, or planning. Projects designated as fundable include projects that the Department has committed to finance with available or anticipated State Revolving Funds under the Intended Use Plan. The Department's commitment to fundable projects is to reserve loan funds in the amount requested until the applicant secures the DWSRF loan or until the application period expires. Fundable contingency projects are those projects meeting readiness to proceed but not receiving funding commitments due to the lack of SRF funds. Projects designated as planning are those projects that have not yet met the definition of readiness to proceed criteria.

The Department will initially reserve 20 percent of the available or anticipated uncommitted funds for very small water systems (systems that serve 3,300 or fewer people) that submit a loan application meeting the readiness to proceed criteria by the application receipt deadline. The department will reserve 15 percent for small water systems (systems which serve from 3,301 to 9,999 people) that submit a loan application meeting the readiness to proceed criteria by the application receipt deadline. Any initially reserved funds for small or very small water systems that are not committed will be transferred to the general reserves and made available to commit to projects that meet readiness to proceed criteria and committed according to priority ranking of the projects. Any uncommitted funds available after the application receipt deadline will be committed to projects in the order that the projects meet readiness to proceed. In the case where funds reserved for small or very small systems are not fully used, the Department can give preference to such projects in the future.

I. Fundable List

All eligible carry-over applications from last year's Fundable List will retain their same funding commitment from the prior IUP, unless bypassed. All carry-over applications from last year's Fundable Contingency List and new DWSRF applications received this year that meet the criterion for readiness to proceed will be placed on the Fundable List in order of priority ranking. Those projects below the funding cutoff will be placed on the Fundable Contingency List. Carry-over projects will retain the points they received in the last year's IUP unless they reapplied for consideration under the latest criteria (such projects are then deemed new applications).

II. Fundable Contingency List

These are eligible projects that meet readiness to proceed but due to priority ranking, timing, or funding limitations will not receive funding commitments. These projects will be ranked on the list in accordance with their priority points. If uncommitted funds become available, the Department, with the Safe Drinking Water Commission's approval, will move the highest-ranking project from this list to the Fundable List.

III. Planning List

These are the eligible carry-over or new projects that do not meet the readiness to proceed criterion to make the Fundable or Fundable Contingency List. These projects will be ranked according to their priority points. Any application(s) that meets the Readiness to Proceed criteria, subject to the availability of funding, may be moved to the Fundable or Fundable Contingency List and shall be incorporated into the appropriate list in priority point order.

Bypass Procedures

The Department may bypass any project on the Fundable List that does not make satisfactory progress toward meeting requirements. Procedures for bypassing projects are contained in 10 CSR 60-13.020(3)(A).

Refinancing and Refunding Criteria for Readiness to Proceed

Projects that involve both new projects financing plus the refinancing or refunding of existing debt will only retain the new project priority points if:

- A. The refinancing or refunding is necessary to meet affordability criteria after the current project financing is factored into the applicant's total debt service, and
- B. It is a current refinancing or refunding, or, in an advance refinancing/refunding, interest portion of the defeasance escrow attached to the SRF program shall include no more than two years of interest on the bonds to be refunded, and
- C. The current debt is not that of another state or federal agency, and
- D. Refinanced or refunded debt will only incorporate level or net level debt amortization structures.

Projects that only involve the refinancing of existing debt will only receive priority points for affordability.

If it is determined that a refinancing or refunding project has not followed the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund environmental and procurement requirements, then commitment to fund such projects will be considered on a case-by-case basis depending on availability of funds and the merits of the project as determined by the Department and the Safe Drinking Water Commission.

For more information

Missouri Department of Natural Resources Water Protection Program Public Drinking Water Branch P.O. Box 176 Jefferson City, MO 65102-0176 800-361-4827 or 573-751-5331 www.dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/index.html

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